

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss  
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes an oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, 1898.

A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.  
Sold by druggists, 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Some time twixt spring and the wane of the year, you should avail yourself of nature's bounteous and soothing passage-way between Cleveland and Buffalo. Go often. Be continuously merry.

The great chain of unsalted seas presents a pretty water-color picture as you could desire to brush against. The hum-drum monotony of every day life becomes but a fleeting remembrance, care and ennui give way to the restful delights of the present, and you get your money's worth.

We have a fleet of powerful, commodious and magnificently appointed steamers, which ply between the cities of Cleveland and Buffalo nightly, and Cleveland and Toledo each day.

The Cleveland & Buffalo Transit Company, Cleveland, O.

**Sick Headaches.**  
The curse of overworked womanhood, are quickly and surely cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea, the great blood purifier and tissue builder. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### ATTORNEYS.

**ROBERT H. FOLGER**, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over the People's Jewelry Store, South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

### BANKS.

**UNION NATIONAL BANK**, Massillon Ohio  
J. H. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

### HARDWARE.

**A. CONRAD & CO.**, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

### MANUFACTURERS.

**RUSSELL & CO.**, manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Tractor Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, etc.

**MASSILLON ROLLING MILL**, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

**MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY**, manufacturer of Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, etc.

**MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO.**, Manufacturer of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

### JEWELERS.

**F. VON KANEL**, East Side Jewelry Store  
East Main street.

**JOSEPH COLEMAN**, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

**B. G. B.**

Such variety of new  
**Shirt Waists**

here, you'd think we were going to do the business of the whole country.

No reason why we shouldn't when you consider how we're going about it.

Getting a big share already—and it's increasing every day as more people find out they get choice, right styles here, and less to pay.

Pretty colored wash shirt waists, 50c—white waists 75c—and from these prices there's unequaled extent of assortments to the finest—seven dollars.

Shirt waists at ONE DOLLAR that the equal of is not sold anywhere for the money—white or colored.

Fine Shirt Waists \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50.

These are not "shoppy" shirt waists we're talking about—they're made better—correct styles, even to the lowest price.

Get our 200 page catalogue—see the two special pages of pictures and prices of shirt waists. It will be to your profit—and will bring us more business.

American Dainties, 8, 10, 12½ yard—choice inexpensive wash goods ever offered, or that this country ever produced.

Beautiful French Organdies 15 to 35c. Exquisite French Organdies 25c and 30c.

Greatest assortments of choice wash goods here you'll find anywhere—styles and prices to show how interestingly we're doing the business.

**BOGGS & BUHL,**

DEPARTMENT X.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

# A Disastrous Fire.

**Russell & Company's Immense Warehouse and Contents Totally Destroyed.**

## ALBERT BAMBERGER KILLED.

**Foreman Christ. Baatz, of No. 1 Company, Seriously Injured by a Falling Wall—The Loss Will Probably Reach One Hundred Thousand Dollars—Spontaneous Combustion Assigned as the Cause.**

A fire in which one man lost his life, another sustained serious injuries, and which damaged property to the extent of about \$100,000 originated in the paint shop at Russell & Company's works shortly before 8 o'clock Monday evening. The fire was caused by spontaneous combustion. The paint shop was in the northwestern corner of the separator warehouse, an immense four story brick building of great length and breadth. The warehouse was filled with finished machines, about two hundred in number. The building and everything it contained were destroyed.

Albert Bamberger and Fireman Christian Baatz were together in the passage-way leading from the separator machine shop to the separator warehouse, playing water on the flames, when the west wall of the building fell. The roof of the passage-way broke down under the rain of debris and Bamberger was crushed to death beneath it. He was killed instantly. When the rescuing party reached Fireman Baatz he was lying on his back, pinned to the floor by an immense beam which lay across his abdomen. His arms, shoulders and head seemed to be free. He was conscious when the men got to him, remarking, "Boys, you've worked nobly, I know you'll get me out!" With the characteristic fortitude of the man whose business it is to face danger and suffering, Fireman Baatz coolly gave instructions to the men as to the best and easiest way to remove the debris and cautioned them against going too far eastward.

When the wall fell the men in the main building connected with passage-way called out of the window: "Help! Help! Two men caught under the wall!" At the same time there came cries for a ladder. The moment they heard the shout for assistance, hundreds in the great throng which had gathered by this time ran eagerly forward to offer themselves. Few knew how to get into the building, however, for the ladder had not yet arrived. Linden L. Hoover, a member of the office force, who was nearby when the call was made, is familiar with all the ins and outs of the buildings and in a minute he had found the nearest entrance, and, followed by many others, was making his way to the third floor of the machine shop, from which point the passageway could be easiest gained.

Almost a half hour was required in which to rescue Fireman Baatz and recover the body of Mr. Bamberger. Drs. Pumphrey and Garrigues were near at hand, and they immediately took charge of the fireman, who still retained consciousness. He was conveyed to the office and here made as comfortable as possible. An examination showed a compound fracture of the left leg, both jaws broken and cuts and bruises about the head, jaws, neck and chest. William's ambulance was summoned, and in it Mr. Baatz was taken to his Akron street home. Fireman Baatz is 37 years old, and has a wife and family.

Albert Bamberger's head was crushed and his neck was broken. He was twenty years of age, and leaves a wife and two children. He resided in Front street. Many of the departments of Russell & Company's works have been in operation day and night for some time past, one of them being the automatic erecting department. It was here that Mr. Bamberger was employed. When the alarm was given he hurried to the scene to offer his assistance, and was one of the few men who dared to follow Christ. Baatz. His brother, Constable L. H. Bamberger, who is a volunteer fireman, was in the building west of the passageway, not more than ten feet from him, when the terrible accident occurred.

Those below could see that the west wall was tottering and that it would soon collapse, and they tried to get word to the two men in the gangway, but they could not make them understand. E. C. Merwin, to attract the attention of the men, threw a brick through one of the open windows. It struck a man on the arm and he came to the window and looked down. It is thought that this man was Albert Bamberger. Mr. Merwin motioned to him to go back into the main building. The head disappeared, and just then the crash came.

The gangway in which the men were caught is ten feet above the ground, there being a driveway under it. It is

not think that I was taking great risk in going into the passageway, and neither did any one else at the time I entered. At least nothing was said at the time. There was so much noise on every hand that I was unable to hear anything. People not familiar with the facts may think that it was foghaze which kept us in there, but such was not the case. We would have withdrawn to the big building at once if we had known there was a possibility of the wall coming down."

**BREAKING THE NEWS.**  
Constable Louis H. Bamberger and Frank E. Bamberger, brothers of the deceased, were selected to convey the news home. Louis Bamberger started to tell his mother, but all he could say was: "Mother, Albert is awful sick." Frank Bamberger then as gently as possible stated the awful facts. Mrs. Bamberger was overcome. The suddenness of the shock stunned her, but when later a full realization of the terrible affair came to her, she became frantic in her grief.

Louis Bamberger then proceeded to his brother's front street home to break the news to his wife. He found her sitting on the porch steps. "I am waiting for my hubby," she said, "the works till half past eight now." She had seen the glare in the South, but she had no idea that the fire was at Russell & Company's works. "Albert was hurt this evening," said Mr. Bamberger, "and he won't be here for some time. It may be that he cannot recover."

Mrs. Bamberger rose and looked searchingly at her brother-in-law. "Tell me the truth," she pleaded, "and take me to where he is." Then the truth was told, and it proved almost more than the young wife could bear.

**CANTON COMES IN A HURRY.**

Mayor Wise telephoned to Canton for assistance at 8:30 o'clock, and at about 10 o'clock a reel of several hundred feet of hose and a steamer, in charge of Assistant Fire Chief Charles Taibot, arrived in Massillon, having made the drive in a little more than an hour. Hundred of other Cantonians came to the city at about the same time—some on wheels, others in carriages and as many in the street cars as they could hold. Three special inter-urban cars were put into use for the accommodation of the crowd.

**THE NIGHT WATCHMAN.**

Daniel Dulabahn, the company's night watchman, was overcome by exertion in fighting the fire and is now sick at his home in Edna street. He is very reticent in regard to making any statement as to the origin of the fire. He had passed through the room only an half hour before and had noticed nothing unusual. Going to his office, which adjoins that of the superintendent, he started to read a paper. Glancing out of a window he noticed the gleam against the windows of the main office, and rushing out he, too, immediately turned in an alarm.

**THE DESTROYED BUILDING.**

The warehouse was erected in 1884, and was built of brick. It was four hundred feet long and one hundred feet wide. Several years ago the building was remodeled and enlarged. A brick wall whose every door was of iron divided the old and the new parts of the building, and for a considerable time this kept the flames from the addition. Nothing could save the latter, however, and once the fire got a start here it went rapidly.

The first floor of the building was filled with castings. Warehouses and the shipping department were in the second story. The paint shop was on the third floor. The rest of the building contained finished machinery. The threshing machine used by General Grant on his Illinois farm just after the war, highly prized as a relic, was destroyed with the building.

**WON'T REBUILD AT PRESENT.**

Officials of the company this afternoon stated that it is hardly likely that the warehouse will be rebuilt until the present season has closed. Machines will have to be shipped as fast as they can be manufactured. Secretary C. M. Russell says that a building will undoubtedly be erected where the destroyed structure stood. Plans, however, will not be completed for some time.

**PAINT SHOP IN A TENT.**

Russell & Company today purchased a large 60x130 foot tent from A. M. Wetter. This will be erected in the yard connected with the building in which Superintendent Heggen's office is located, and here the painting and similar work will be done under canvas.

**A CIRCULAR ISSUED.**

Russell & Company today issued a circular which will be sent out to their representatives and others with whom they have business connections. One paragraph says: "The building (meaning the warehouse) with contents, consisting of some one hundred and forty completed threshers, with numerous feeders, weighers, watertrucks, wind stackers, horsepowers and sawmills, was completely destroyed. No part of the factory was seriously damaged, and the output will be but slightly delayed."

**SLIGHTLY INJURED.**

Jules Horn, who resides on the West Side, was struck on the head by a falling brick, sustaining a scalp wound.

Charles Hoehn, of Company No. 4, arose from a sick bed to go with his company. Overcome by the strain, he was subsequently compelled to go home, giving rise to a false report that he was injured.

Kline Thompson, of Hose Company No. 4, sustained painful burns while working in the third story of the east half of the building burned.

**OTHER DISASTERS AVERTED.**  
There were at least five thousand peo-

ple on the scene at 9 o'clock. So dense was the crowd about the Pennsylvania railway station that had there been any fast through trains at this time great loss of life would doubtless have resulted. As it was there were many narrow escapes. Two girls attempted to cross in front of a passenger train that was slowly leaving the station, and one of them was caught by the pilot. She was thrown backward, and but for the strong arm of a railroad man who stood near by would have been crushed to death beneath the engine. Alex Barr, the mailman, was also called upon to rescue a girl who did not notice the approach of a train.

**THE FIRE OF 1878.**

On the night of Friday, May 17, 1878, the works of Russell & Company were visited by a most disastrous fire, which destroyed the south half of the main building on Erie street, with a portion of the wing attached. The fire which originated in the belt room, was discovered by the night watchman, the late Joseph Blecker, between 11 and 12 o'clock. There were no telephone lines in those days, a fire alarm system was not even dreamed of, and the alarm was turned in at the central engine house by a man who heard Mr. Blecker's call of "fire." The firemen at that time depended almost solely upon the steamer, the water pressure from the old reservoir being practically useless, and it was only by the hardest kind of work that the entire plant was saved from destruction. The portion burned contained the finishing, belt, bolt and wagon making departments, all the machinery and material in which was totally destroyed. The loss was fully \$100,000, on which there was an insurance of \$69,111.

The day following the fire Messrs. George and Allan Russell started East to secure new machinery to replace that ruined by the fire, and all hands were notified to report on Monday as usual.

In the issue of THE INDEPENDENT of May 22, the following card appeared:

We would take this means of expressing our obligations to the officers and members of the Massillon fire department, to our employees, and to many citizens for their efficient services on the occasion of the late fire. To your exertions we owe it that our works were not entirely destroyed. We resumed work in the remaining departments this morning, and hope within ten days to have our entire force again at their work. Arrangements are already made to replace much of the machinery burned. We thank you each and every one for your aid and encouragement, and hope to prove by our own efforts that we are not ungrateful.

**NABUM S. RUSSELL,**

**JOS. K. RUSSELL,**

**TROUS. H. RUSSELL,**

**GEOR. L. RUSSELL,**

**ALBAN A. RUSSELL,**

**J. W. MCCLINTOCKS.**

Monday morning, May 20, 1878.

During the progress of the fire a murderous assault was made upon Fireman Reiger, one of the best men in the old volunteer force, by C. O. Traphagen. Reiger, who was a nozzle-man, was alone in one of the departments, almost surrounded by the flames, and was struck over the head with a piece of scantling in the hands of Traphagen. He was found a few moments later, unconscious, and dragged from the burning building. An examination by Dr. T. J. Reed revealed the fact that his skull was crushed, and for a time he was in a very critical condition, but finally recovered.

**Why Women are Nervous.**

[British Medical News].

The frequent cases of nervous prostration or utter collapse of the nervous system under which women "go to pieces," as the saying is, have caused much thought and investigation on the part of physicians.

Certain inorganic substances are well known to cause various forms of nervous diseases which are readily traced to the poison producing them. Further research leads to the belief that alum is a prevailing cause of so-called nervous prostration, for the symptoms it produces on the nervous system after its absorption into the blood are very remarkable indeed. Experiments physiologically made upon animals by Orfila, Professors Hans Meyer, Paul Seim and others, show that alum frequently produces no visible symptoms for many days after its introduction into the body. Then follow loss of appetite and other alimentary disturbances, and finally a serious prostration of the whole nervous system. The most prominent physicians now believe that "nervous prostration" and many affections of the nerves from which both men and women suffer are caused by the continued absorption of alum into the system.

It is probable that many medical men are unaware of the extent to which salts of alumina may be introduced into the body, being under the impression that the use of alum in bread is prohibited. Alum, however, is still used surreptitiously to some extent to whiten the bread, and very largely in making cheap kinds of baking powder. In families where baking powder is generally used great care should be exercised to procure only those brands made from cream of tartar. The alum powders may generally be distinguished by the lower price at which they are sold.

**GROVER GOES FISHING.**

NEWARK, O., May 10.—[By Associated Press]—Grover Cleveland met Judge Harmon, of Cincinnati, here today, and both have gone to Lake Erie on a fishing excursion, near Sandusky.

# A GREAT REUNION.

**Ten Thousand Confederates in Line.**

**GEN. GORDON'S ADDRESS.**

**Thirty-five Thousand Visitors Now in Charleston — Heated Discussion Over a Resolution—The Cruiser Raleigh Lying in the Harbor.**

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 10.—It is estimated that thirty thousand visitors are here attending the confederate reunion. Ten thousand veterans are said to be in line in the parade which preceded the reunion ceremonies at the auditorium.

Heated discussions followed the introduction of a resolution by Gen. S. D. Lee, recommending the acceptance in the spirit in which it was made of President McKinley's declaration at Atlanta that the time had come when the Government should share in caring for the Confederate graves, and would show clearly the advance the American people have achieved in those higher virtues that adorn a great nation. The resolution was referred to the committee on resolutions.

The cruiser Raleigh was escorted in by a fleet of boats, and a national salute was fired by the naval reserves of South Carolina and the South Carolina Yacht Club, the Raleigh responding.

At the meeting in the auditorium General Joseph B. Gordon delivered an eloquent address, an abstract of which follows:

Governor, Gentlemen of the Committee, my Fellow Countrymen of South Carolina:

The flood of emotions which stir the sensibilities of these veterans today is their loving answer to your gracious greeting. These emotions will speak to you in language more impressive and eloquent than any words that I could utter. The ringing shouts from these thousands of Confederate throats are veritable echoes of the inspiring resolutions of welcome unanimously adopted by your general assembly. While those resolutions have cheered and thrilled every southern soldier's heart, they were not needed to tell us of the reception that awaited us in South Carolina. For her whole history and that of her commercial capital were the promise and guarantee of this magnificent reality. For more than two hundred years, made memorable by heroic struggles in war and brilliant achievements in peace, the names of South Carolina and Charleston have been the synonyms of hospitality, of chivalry and of valor.

"What else could be expected of a people in whose veins are commingled the blood of the proud English cavaliers? The blood of those devoted and resolute men who protested against the immoralities and grinding exactions of the Stuarts; the blood of the stalwart Dissectors and of the heroic Highlanders of Scotland and of the sturdy Democratic Presbyterians of Ireland; the blood of those defenders of freedom who came to your shores from the mountain battlefields of Switzerland, and lastly, but no less pure and sacred, the blood of the high-souled Huguenots of France, whose martyrs, by a glorious fidelity even unto death, have made sweeter and richer the record of human devotion to conscience and liberty."

"No resolutions, I repeat, by which this great commonwealth extends its 'loving welcome' were needed to assure these remnants of the South's immortal armies that the 'freedom of state' was theirs, and that every heart within her borders was a soldier's shrine. We had but to remember that South Carolina was the nursery of heroes, as well as of statesmen and patriots—that no one state except that she be endowed with an almost boundless affluence of greatness, could in one century have given to the cause of liberty and the republic such a splendid galaxy as South Carolina presents in her Rutledge, her Sumter, her Moultrie, her Middleton and her Marion; in her Butler, her Pinckney, and her Pickens; in her McDuffie and her Calhoun; in her Hamilton, her Hayne, and her beloved Hampton."

"If we turn from this incomplete array of her noble sons to the contemplation of the scars upon her bosom, received in her battles for American freedom at Cowpens, at Charleston, at Eutaw Springs, Fort Moultrie and King's Mountains, while her 'Swamp Fox' with his ragged brigade, roasted their rations of sweet potatoes in her forests at night, and by their sudden sallies, now from the mountains and now from the marshes, amazed and bewildered the British invaders; if we add to this survey of her past the record of her princely liberality in the donation of her soil to the general government, we shall gain a still better conception of the lofty characteristics and unchallenged patriotism of her people."

(Continued on Page 5.)



## INDIANS ON THE MOVE

THOUSANDS LEAVING THE UNITED STATES FOR MEXICO.

**Tribal Differences Which Have Existed Since the Old French and English Wars—Characteristics of the Cherokees.**

[Special Correspondence.]

FORT GIBSON, I. T., May 2.—There is a wholesale exodus of Indians from this territory. Something over 10,000 of them, mainly Cherokees, though there are a considerable number of Creeks and a few Delawares, who are packing off bag and baggage seeking a new home in Mexico, where they have acquired a large tract of desirable land in the state of Jalisco, not far from the capital city of Guadalajara. A large number have emigrated in a body, and others are to follow. The reason for this self-expatriation is that the Indians are dissatisfied with the conditions on their reservation.

The Cherokees have various grievances, both internal and external. There are—and indeed always have been—fractional differences within the tribe, which is regarded as one of the principal reasons for this great exodus. Some of this friction antedates the war of the Revolution, when one faction was loyal to the English and another took sides with the French. During the Revolutionary war a similar division of sentiment obtained, some of them fighting with the British and others with the Americans. The greatest divergence between them, however, occurred during the civil war, when one faction, which was composed of slaveholders, joined the Confederacy, while another faction, which opposed slavery, fought on the Union side. These differences seem to have increased rather than diminished.

The Cherokees, as well as some of the other tribes in the Indian Territory, object to any interference of the federal government in their affairs and are suspicious of its agents. Of all the tribes of American Indians the Cherokees are perhaps the most proud and aristocratic, as they are the most prosperous and civilized. They desire to be wholly independent of the United States and insist that the white civilization has no particular advantage over the red, in respect at least to the cardinal virtue of honesty. The removals they have been required to make from place to place are one of the chief grievances of the tribe.

Before the pale face came to these shores the Cherokees held undisputed sway in the upper valley of the Tennessee river and the mountains and valleys of the Alleghany range. Steadily they have been pushed westward and southward until they found a refuge in Indian Territory. Here they now complain of the encroachments of the whites, and not without some shadow of reason.

Another source of discontent is the "intruders" upon the reservations. These "invaders" are largely Indians and half breeds from other tribes, whose status is not very well defined. They are nondescript marauders, who are held in supreme contempt by the self-respecting Cherokees. The "intruders" become the ready and pliant tools of unscrupulous lawyers in stirring up land litigations and of liquor dealers in



MISS ROSS, A FAMOUS CHEROKEE BEAUTY, smuggling fire water into the Indian villages. They form a corrupting element for whose expulsion the Cherokees have long prayed.

Though they have been much buffeted about from pillar to post and, as they insist, have felt insecure in their real estate holdings, the Cherokees have made great progress in education and industry. As the world goes they are prosperous, have comfortable homes, granaries full of corn and wheat, plenty of cattle and horses and in many instances money laid aside. The United States holds in trust for them about \$2,000,000, paying an annual interest thereon, which is used to defray the expenses of running the Cherokee government. They therefore have no taxes to pay, as what they get from the federal government and from taxes on various permits to white laborers, tenants and merchants is ample for public expenditures.

Education is not neglected. The Cherokees spend on their schools fully \$50,000 a year, being about one-half of the income from the government fund. They have about 100 primary schools and a number of high schools and national seminaries. There are also public charities, one of the most notable of which is the Cherokee Orphan asylum. The government of the Cherokees consists of a legislature, with upper and lower houses, the members being chosen by the people, and an executive, who is denominated the principal chief, and is elected by popular vote once in four years. All land is held in common. Every member of the nation can occupy, by himself or tenant, as much ground as he can cultivate, but no more. He puts improvements on this the same as though he owned it in fee. When he wishes to move, he can sell the improvements and nothing more. The more improvements he has made the

richer he is, of course. He cannot however, sell the improvements to a white man.

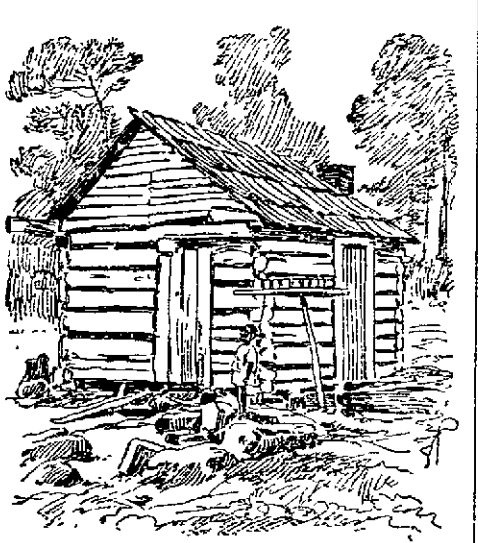
The Cherokees are physically superior types of the American Indian—tall, straight, agile and finely proportioned. The women are in the main comely, some of them decidedly handsome. A noted beauty of the nation is Miss Ross, a granddaughter of Chief John Ross, a famous Cherokee statesman, who was their head chief for 40 years.

The Cherokees, Creeks and Delawares who are emigrating to Mexico will not go empty handed. They have a joint capital of \$500,000 to buy land and set themselves up in business in the country where once flourished the Aztecs. They declare that they want to go where neither they nor their descendants will ever be overtaken by the white man. HENRY ATWATER.

## LUXURY AND SIMPLICITY.

**Human Contrasts Among Picturesque North Carolina Hills.**  
[Special Correspondence.]

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 1.—Here, in the balsam laden air of western North Carolina, in the "land of the sky," is presented one of the strangest contrasts of the entire country. The town itself holds inns and residences whose luxury is unexcelled in America, and surrounding it are estates which are models of comfort and bear witness to the taste and riches of their owners. Biltmore, the Vanderbilt palace, is but six miles



A BUNCOMBE COUNTY CABIN away. Outside of this fringe of the highest civilization around the town itself, however, the most primitive conditions of life prevail.

This section of the state is rugged and abounds in picturesque scenery. On every hand rise the mountains, and everywhere are heard the running streams clattering among the rocks and the dashing of waterfalls. The air is unexcelled for purity in America, vying with Colorado for its benefits to consumptives.

The men bred among these rocks are like their native soil—rugged in character and subject only to the influences of nature. They are of mixed stock, being the descendants of English settlers of the lowland country, or later Scotch-Irish or Irish immigrants to the state. Some English settlers from Virginia also found their way over the border and settled here. Their ancestors were rough and hardy pioneers, winning their livelihood mainly with the axe, and living in a rude, uncivilized manner, and these mountaineers have lived as did their fathers from generation to generation with scarcely a change. They are an unprogressive people, content to live in their cabins on the hillside, knowing little of the outside world and caring less.

The men are content with raising enough corn to live upon themselves, and, when it is considered safe, with which to make the "moonshine" whisky, of which they are so fond. They raise tobacco, but mainly for their own consumption. They sell only enough of their products to buy a few "store" things, and the visitor to their cabins learns for the first time with how very few of the ordinary appliances of civilization it is possible to live and be happy.

In person they are gaunt, tall and rawboned, with scrawny throats and Adam's apples that are so large that they seem almost deformities. The incessant smoking and chewing of tobacco and "dipping" of snuff soon ruin their teeth, and a mountaineer with a good set is rare. Their language, since their schooling is extremely limited, is of course very picturesque, breaking loose from all the ordinary restraints of grammar, and it is among these people that the well known "we uns" and "you uns" are so often heard. The habits of both men and women are much the same. Women work in the fields, do "logging," take care of cattle, smoke, chew and "dip." They are aged at 50 and are hopelessly disgraced old maids if not married at 25. The older women know how to card, spin and weave both wool and cotton, but the younger generation takes largely to "Georgia checks."

Withal these people are brave, hardy and honest. They fought bravely and suffered much both in the Revolutionary and civil wars. In both wars, indeed, they were to be found among the partisans of both sides; but, as a body, they adhered to the American and to the Union causes. Many pathetic stories are still told among the mountains of the hardships endured during these struggles. CHARLES N. LORIE.

## A FRAGILE BUYER.

A wealthy rural citizen who once lived less than 1,000 miles from Rochester retired from business several years ago, having grown rich keeping a "country store." One day, while relating his experiences and boasting of his thrifty habits, he said:

"My trips to New York usually lasted about a week, and I made them cost as little as possible. I always took breakfast at a place where there was a sign, painted in big black letters, 'All the Mush and Molasses You Want For One Cent.'"—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

## VIEW OF THE HAGUE.

WHERE THE CZAR'S PEACE CONFERENCE WILL MEET.

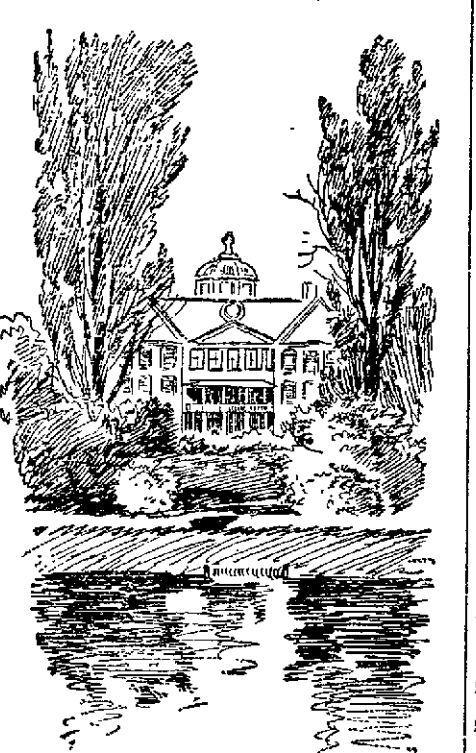
**An Especially Appropriate Place For Such a Gathering—The House of the Woods, Where the Seasons Will Be Held—Attractions of the City.**  
[Special Correspondence.]

THE HAGUE, April 20.—Dropping down from Paris into this quaint old Dutch town I find the sturdy burghers "polishing up the handle of the big front door," preparatory to the admission of the delegates to the czar's peace convention which meets here on May 18. The Hollanders take it as a great compliment that their ancient city of The Hague should have been chosen as the meeting place for this international conference of distinguished personages and are making the city as attractive as possible. To this end not a few improvements are being made in public buildings and streets, and altogether this is a general housecleaning time.

It is quite pertinent that the conference looking toward the reduction of the world's armaments should be held within the realm of that fair young queen at whose coronation last autumn there was very little of that military display and pomp of arms which usually attend the enthronement of monarchs. There were of course on that occasion soldiers galore in gorgeous trappings, but it did not partake of the character of a great military demonstration. As the winsome girl queen, clad in white, the emblem of peace, journeyed from the palace to the modest Nieuwekerk to receive the diadem of Nassau and Orange, the pageant of which she was the central and adored figure was decidedly one of peace, and the demonstrations of love and loyalty which greeted her were inspired by the feeling that she would rule her subjects with gentleness and benignity as becometh the sovereign of a peace loving people.

The place selected for the holding of the sessions of the peace conference is ideal. It is the Huis ten Bosch, or the House of the Woods, a splendid little castle in the suburbs of The Hague, remote from the noise and bustle of the city. It is about a mile from the city. It is embowered in a wood of oak and beech and covered with dark green ivy. Near it is a placid lake, mirroring the beautiful surroundings. The still waters and the quiet trees seem to suggest the idyllic air in which a peace convention should assemble. It is certainly one of the most delightful spots on earth.

The castle was built in 1647 by Architects Van Campen and Post for the Princess Amelia von Solms, the widow



THE HOUSE OF THE WOODS.

of Prince Frederik Henrik. It contains many beautiful paintings from De Greber and various pupils of Rubens. When Queen Wilhelmina is in The Hague she usually makes her home in the House of the Woods, which is her favorite palace. The Bosch, from which the palace takes its name, is a forest park, which begins at the fashionable end of the town and extends for three or four miles. The park is full of lofty oaks, which have been allowed to grow to their natural size and in their natural way, contrary to the usual Dutch custom, which is to trim trees in symmetrical shape. The room in the House of the Woods in which the peace conference will meet is the "orange zaal," an octagonal hall, 50 feet in diameter and elaborately decorated. It is surmounted by a cupola 60 feet in height. There is much that is interesting to see in The Hague. Among the notable show places is the Royal museum in the Mauritius Huis, which is named from Prince Maurice of Nassau, by whom it was built nearly three centuries ago. It contains perhaps the largest and most valuable collection of the paintings of the old Dutch masters now extant.

The delegates to the conference will probably be housed in some of the splendid hotels on the Voorhout, one of the principal streets of the town, and which is lined with stately trees like most of the avenues of The Hague. To some of the distinguished persons present, doubtless courtly hospitality will be extended. They will be entertained in some of the half dozen palaces of the city. They are called palaces over here, but they do not look as palatial as many of the private residences of New York millionaires.

Whether the czar was prompted by an absolutely sincere desire for international disarmament in calling this convention or whether he has "something up his sleeve" is, as Lord Dunsyre would have said, "something as

no fellow can find out." At any rate it will afford some famous diplomats and their secretaries and attendants a very pleasant holiday amid most delightful surroundings and is likely to promote international comity, if it does nothing more practical. PAUL THORNTON.

## A Vivid Description.

A short sighted and deaf old gentleman who was at an entertainment where a professor performed on a big bass viol, thus described the scene: "The professor carried on to the platform a gigantic beetle attached to the end of a sort of lamp-post. He leaned over and fondly embraced it, tickling its back violently with a long comb."

"The spectators seemed much delighted at this display of scientific affection. The beetle was apparently quite unmoved. Then the professor gave a capital imitation of the drunken man and the lamp-post. He swayed rapidly up and down, clenching quickly at all points."

"Sometimes his fingers quivered passionately upon one spot, like an ill tempered man struggling with an obstinate pair of braces. Sometimes he rested momentarily, as one rests after a contest with a stiff white tie."

"Finally, he gave a last convulsive tickle to the huge beetle, picked himself up from the lamp-post and carried off the unresisting insect. The audience applauded vigorously."

## Arab Music.

Arab music has been described as the singing of a prima donna who has ruptured her voice in trying to sing a duet with herself. Each note starts from somewhere between a sharp and a flat, but does not stop even there, and splits up into four or more portions, of which no person can be expected to catch more than one at a time.

## A Lucky Cross.

The Princess of Wales possesses a cross which is supposed to always bring good luck to its owner. It was formerly the property of the king of Denmark, having been discovered years ago in the grave of the beautiful Queen Dagmar. Besides its superstitious interest, it is a fine work of art, and was given by the king to the princess on her marriage day.

## F. E. SEAMAN

Sells and recommends Dr. Simmons' Dandruffane, the soap wonder. It is a deserving article and should be used by every person who is troubled with dandruff and itching scalp.

Dandruffane is pure, safe and reliable, it is a thorough antiseptic, works well with hard or soft water, contains medicine to keep your skin and scalp in a healthy condition, is excellent for dry itching skin. Use it in the bath, use it on the children.

Gentlemen will find Dandruffane delightful for a shaving soap. Comes in tin boxes with full directions. Price 25 cents a box.

In view of the fact that you have tried many medicated soaps, and inasmuch as you have received no satisfactory results, the maker of "Dandruffane," knowing that it is reliable has authorized F. E. Seaman to guarantee every box of Dandruffane which he sells. This simply means that if you purchase a box of Dandruffane and do not feel satisfied with it after giving it a fair trial you are to return it to F. E. Seaman and he will refund 25 cents.

Sent by mail on receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Address F. E. Seaman, Massillon, O.

## MCDOWELL &amp; CO., AT DALTON, O.

If you call them by Bell or Farmers Telephone, or write them they will furnish you with the everlasting, ever going all Steel Aermoter. The wind pump that runs while all others stand still. The Prettiest and the Best. Don't buy an imitation when this costs you no more, if as much.

A. E. Dauchy, Salesman. The Best Sewing Machines from \$15.00 up

## PURE BLOOD.

Pure blood means life, health, vigor—no room for disease where the veins are filled with rich, red corpuscles.

## Lindsey's Improved Blood Searcher

Makes pure blood—cures scrofula, erysipelas, pimples, boils, sore eyes, scald head—blood diseases of all forms. Here's proof:

Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher has worked wonders with me. I have been troubled with Scrofula for thirty years but I find that Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher will effect a permanent cure in a short time. It's wonderful. C. C. LISCOOT.

W. J. GILMORE CO., PITTSBURG, PA. At all Druggists. \$1.00.

## RAW AS BEEF FROM ECZEMA!

No Torture Equal to the Itching and Burning of This Fearful Disease.

Eczema—which is more than skin-deep, and can not be reached by local applications of ointments, salves, etc., applied to the surface. The disease itself, the real cause of the trouble, is in the blood, although all suffering is produced through the skin; the only way to reach the disease, therefore, is through the blood.

Mr. Phil T. Jones, of Mixersville, Ind., writes: "I had Eczema thirty years, and after a great deal of treatment my leg was so raw and sore that it gave me constant pain. It finally broke into a running sore, and began to spread and grow worse. For the past five or six years I have suffered untold agony and had given up all hope of ever being free from the disease, as I have been treated by some of the best physicians and have taken many blood medicines, all in vain. With little faith left I began to take S. S. S., and it apparently made the Eczema worse, but I knew that this was the way the remedy got rid of the poison. Continuing S. S. S., the sore healed up entirely, the skin became clear and smooth, and I was cured perfectly."

Eczema is an obstinate disease and can not be cured by a remedy which is only a tonic. Swift's Specific—

## S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—is superior to other blood remedies because it cures diseases which they can not reach. It goes to the bottom—to the cause of the disease—and will cure the worst case of Eczema, no matter what other treatment has failed. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed to be free from potash, mercury or any other mineral, and never fails to cure Eczema, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, Cancer, Tetters, Rheumatism, Open Sores, Ulcers, Boils, etc. Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

Books on these diseases will be mailed free to any address by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.



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AT -- LOW -- PRICES

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Chicago and North-Western Railway.

## SEND US ONE DOLLAR

Cut this ad. out and send to us with \$1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED ACME QUEEN Sewing Machine by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, equal to organs that retail at \$75.00 to \$100.00, the greatest value ever offered for money, we will refund your \$1.00 and pay the freight charges. If you are not perfectly satisfied, 50¢ of these terms will be paid to you. This offer is good only while it lasts. Such an offer was never made before.

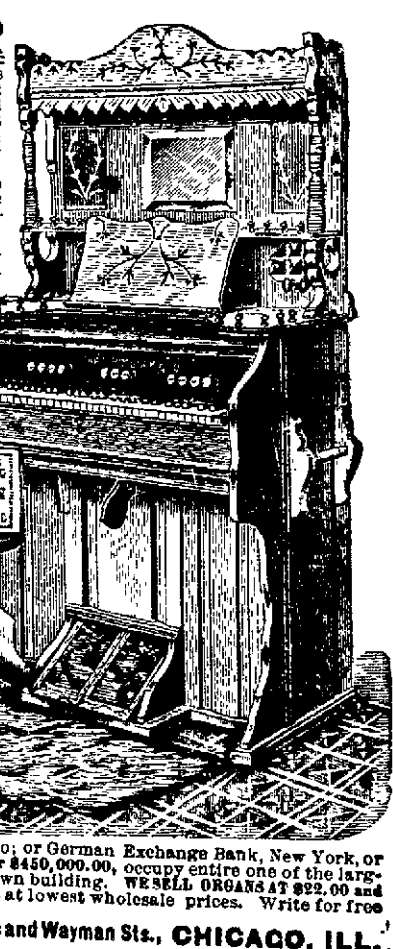
THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most durable and sweetest toned instruments ever made. From the illustration above, you can see that it is a beautiful machine. Made from Solid Quarter Sawed Oak, antique finish, handsomely ornamented, latest 1899 style. THE ACME QUEEN is 6 feet 5 inches high, 42 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 250 pounds; contains 5 notes, 11 stops as follows: Diapason, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte, Principal Forte, and Vox Humana; 2 Octave Couplers, 2 Tone Swells, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Solo Organist's Pedals, 1 Set of 24 Rich Smooth Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Pleasant Soft Melodious Principal Reeds.

THE ACME QUEEN action consists of the celebrated Sewal Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments, also fitted with Hammond Couplers and Vox Humana, also best Dulce fells, leathers etc., bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3-4-5 bellows cock and finest leather in valves. THE ACME QUEEN is finished with a 10x14 beveled plate French mirror, nickel plated pedal frames and every modern instrument. WE FURNISH FREE a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS. With every Acme Queen we issue a written binding 25 year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part gives out we repair it free of charge. Try it now and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 50¢ of these terms will be paid to you. \$1.75. Order at once. Don't delay.

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SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayne Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.





## BRAVE GEORGE AND LULU.

George was nine years old and Lulu was eleven when the little town where they lived in the far Northwest was attacked by the Sioux Indians.

The Indians spared no one. Even Dutch Charley's house was burned and all his family killed although he had been a great friend of the Sioux. The only house left was that of Judge Waldron, the father of these two children. This house was built right into a hill, and the Judge had forty Springfield rifles and plenty of ammunition.

So when the Sioux after setting on fire all the others drew near to his house, with terrible war cries, the Judge made ready to defend it. He sent George and Lulu with the two-year-old baby, Gussie, up-stairs. To the two eldest children he gave some plain directions.

The first direction was to put baby Gussie carefully between two feather beds so she would not hear the terrible cries of the Indians, or the sound of the guns. Perhaps he had another reason for putting her there. Bullets will not easily penetrate anything so soft as a feather bed, and she would be safe there. So George and Lulu tucked her carefully between the feather beds, leaving a breathing hole for her.

"Try and keep her still," said mamma. She was quite pale, but she spoke quietly. "We will all do our best and perhaps the troops may come."

"All right, mother," replied George cheerfully. Then they followed the other direction—to take their places by one of the loop holes with their rifles in hand. For this boy and girl could use a rifle as well as their father and mother. Their brave hearts beat fast, but they held their rifles steadily. The savage cries drew nearer.

"Lulu," said their father, "you and George must aim carefully, but do not fire until you hear us do so."

"Yes, papa," answered Lulu. They could see far off over the hills something that looked like hundreds more of Indians coming.

But all at once it grew strangely silent. Not a war-whoop was heard. What had happened? Were the Sioux retreating, or only making believe retreat, so as to throw them off their guard? There was a brief moment of great anxiety, and then Lulu's quick ear caught the sound of hoof-beats unlike those of the Indian ponies.

"George," she whispered, "I do not see the Sioux. Can it be those were troops on the hill?" But before George could answer a bugle rang out, there was the soft thunder of swift-coming-horses and the flashing of United States cavalry sabres!

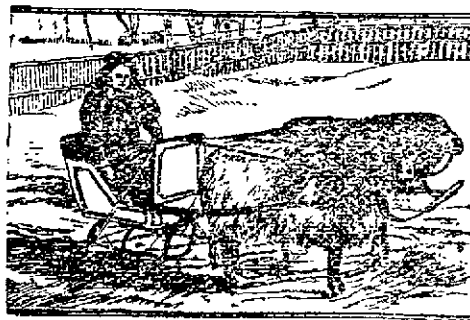
As a shrill bugle peal rang in at the quickly-opened door Baby Gussie spoke. "Gussie likes the nest," she said, "and Gussie likes the horses, but she loves the bugle."

That night they all slept at the fort. When the Judge went to look for his home the next morning the house was in ashes, but to show that they were friendly to the family, the Sioux had set the furniture safely outside.

This was in 1862, and when Mrs. Waldron died recently, the Sioux mourned for her after their fashion, and the other day as her husband passed by the door of his parlor he saw a squaw called Black Hawk standing before her portrait and talking to it. No member of this family has ever spoken an untrue word to an Indian, and perhaps this is a reason for the friendliness shown by the Sioux.

## A Novel Team.

Little Miss Clementine Rackliffe, a thirteen-year-old girl, of Cornua, Me., is the pride of Rackliffe farm and of the whole town as she drives about



with a team of pet lambs. The well-trained little animals who mind Miss Clementine's lines are but little more than a year old. They appear to have quite as much fun as does their driver.

## Making Lovers of Brothers.

"Gain your brother's confidence, my dear girl, else you will have no influence over him," writes Ruth Ashmore, of "A Sister's Influence Over Her Brother." "Force yourself to be interested in whatever he tells you. Let no escort be as charming to you as he is. Make him find pleasure in the same society that you do, and if for some reason he finds it tiresome, then arrange to go in another set, but always a good one, which he will appreciate and in which he will be appreciated."

"If you have any accomplishments urge your brother to be a student with you. If you are a good pianist never refuse to play the tune he likes, and if you can induce him to take up the violin or mandolin, or even the banjo, so much the better, for then you two may be companions in melody as in life."

"Never forget how much a man, and especially a young man, likes to be remembered. The tiny token on his birthday, the remembrance on the holiday, the little letter of congratulation sent when he has succeeded either in his studies or in the business world—none of the small pleasures of life is wasted on a brother. A brother is very often the reproduction of his sister. It is as if he were a mirror into which, when the sister looked, she found to be reflected all her faults and most of her virtues."

## NO MORE CLOSETS.

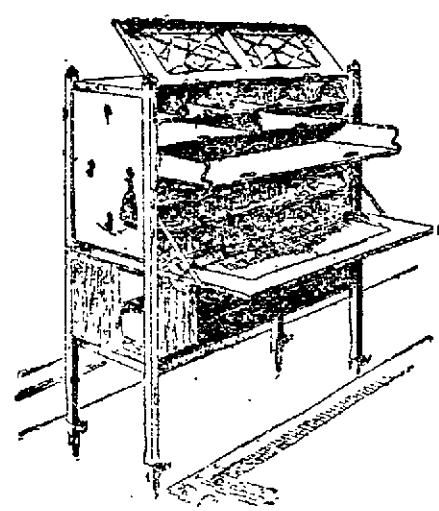
The Clothes Case That Takes the Place of Them.

The architects are puzzled. They have never been able to put enough closets into new houses to satisfy the women. Now the women want no closets at all.

They have suddenly discovered that English houses never have closets. Clothes cases and wardrobes are used instead.

A new article of bedroom furniture is called a clothes case. This takes the place of the bureau or dresser. Instead of having each drawer separate, like boxes, half of the front opens upward and the other half drops, forming a shelf. The clothing is distributed in shallow sliding compartments open in front and drawn out by the edges.

These cases are made to order, in small or large slides, shallow or deep, as one may desire. The convenience



is obvious, as the articles have separate compartments and are not in such danger of being wrinkled from having piled of heavy clothing on top.

These trays are made of plain wood to match the outside of the case, or covered with linen, or padded with scented silk pads. There are long trays for the skirts, short ones for the waists and little ones for the collars, ribbons, etc., with some cubby-holes for fans, gloves and handkerchiefs.

The panels of the upper half of the front of the one shown was latticed with ribbons to hold veils and other light articles. When closed it latched and locked with one key in the middle and the outside of the front was arranged in beautifully carved panels intended to match an especially designed chamber set.

## Woman and Her Sphere.

Many women no longer chant Longfellow's little home keeping song, Stay at home, my heart, and rest, Housekeeping hearts are happiest.

They leave the home in other hands now-a-days, and go forth to do battle with the world, into every field which man, heretofore, has had all to himself. She invades the highways of all the arts and sciences, and particularly does she challenge the wicked old world as reformer. It is all very well for her to be self-assertive in places and spheres indisputably her own. It is the right thing to do, this undertaking to bring about reformation where corruption has eaten its way like a moth into the hearts of the world's rulers, leaders and followers, but she is too weak to undertake to accomplish through mere physical daring, and by breaking through the old time-honored codes of conventionality. Everything may be wrought by the quiet influence of the dignified, gentle, womanly example inculcated in the family she bears and rears, in the Christian teaching and steady moulding of character that is in its progress almost imperceptible, but that will, in the light of the to-morrow, be shown to be an impregnable structure, an indestructible power of moral strength, whose foundations are laid upon the cornerstones of Christ's teachings and example.

No woman fear lest her light, whether it be that of domestic excellence or of the higher intellectual flame, may be hidden. It is impossible for any individual influence to live without perceptible results upon the minds that have been touched by its contact, even unto numberless generations. Let her rest assured that in doing these lesser things she is unwittingly, it may be, performing those greater things the significance of which her mind may not grasp, because it reaches out into the infinite so far, and let her go her way peacefully and quietly, leaving to God the issues, and let her hand be doing and her example teaching in such impressive silence that, although the plaudits of the unappreciative and coldly-critical and some time cynical world may not be borne to her ears from afar, she may, when the time comes, hear the voice of One who shall speak unmistakably to her spirit, saying "well done."

## New Spring Colors.

Fashion makers say that from Paris comes the seal of approval on all shades of violet, coral and national blue for new spring dresses, and that holding prime favor is a very bright rendering of the periwinkle tint, a combination of cream and any of the paler tones of beige.

Beautiful shades of violet and blue cloths are to be used for dressy costumes, and the newest foulards and India silks are shown in those two colorings, besides the never out of style black and white.

Black and white combination is to be very fashionable this spring, and the most stylish boleros and Etons are to be lined with white satin, whether with or without revers.

## Women Are Firm.

Little Clarence—Papa, what is the difference between firmness and obstinacy?

Papa—Merely a matter of sex, my son.—Tit-Bits

## WAR ON LABOR UNION.

Authorities Say Coeur d'Alenes Will Be Wiped Out.

## CALL THEM A CRIMINAL BAND.

Say Organization Contains Many Desperadoes and Criminals Who, Under Protection of Union, Perpetrate Crimes and Outrages—Mineowners Can't Hire Them.

SPOKANE, Wash., May 8.—Mines of Shoshone county, Ida., that propose to operate during the reign of martial law may do so only on condition that they do not employ members of the Coeur d'Alene miners' union.

This is the martial law as laid down by General Merriam and the attorney general of Idaho. At a meeting of the mineowners in this city Mr. Hayes presented a mandate. The owners cheerfully promised to obey.

"We are going to clean up the Coeur d'Alenes," said Attorney General Hayes, prior to his departure for business.

"I have seen some of the mine owners and they have been informed by the proper authorities that they cannot employ anyone connected with a criminal organization in the county. The miners' union in Shoshone county contains many desperadoes and criminals who have under the protection of the union perpetrated crimes and outrages. Twice has it been necessary because of these men and their organization to put the county under martial law. We want to stop that sort of thing."

"The owners living in Spokane allow the union to run things, and when the property is threatened or riots occur as a result they wire to the governor of Idaho to send troops to protect their property. Some of these mineowners know who the men were who left their mines to go up to Wardner for the purpose of blowing up the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines."

"They allowed them to go out of the mines to destroy the property of another and then to return to work."

"Prisoners will be tried in both the state and federal courts. Murder and arson are some of the charges the state will bring against those men, and we hope to inflict the extreme penalty. The state and federal authorities are working amicably together in the matter, and will aid each other all possible."

## BUFFALO STRIKE NOT ENDED

Bishop Quigley Appealed To—Strong Ultimatum to Be Presented to Lake Carriers Today.

BUFFALO, May 8.—President Johnson of the state board of mediation and arbitration, H. D. Goulder of Cleveland, attorney for the Lake Carriers' association, and Mr. Douglass, representing the Western Elevating association, called on Bishop Quigley of the Catholic diocese of Buffalo and asked him to endeavor to induce the grain shovellers to accept the proposition made by Contractor Connors. It was understood he said he would consider it.

The monthly men at the elevators held a big meeting. Resolutions were adopted expressing sympathy with the cause of the grain shovellers, and it was unanimously voted that whenever there are any signs of growing strength on the part of Contractor Connors a strike will be declared.

Contractor Connors began to import men from other cities to take the place of the striking grain shovellers, but was not very successful. The situation along the water front remained unchanged. Only seven elevators were working Sunday. It was estimated that when the big Duluth fleet, which will begin to arrive today, is in, it will take several weeks with a full force of shovellers to clear the harbor and catch up on the work.

Late last night it was given out that the grain shovellers will present an ultimatum to the Lake Carriers' association today. The officers of the new union were busy framing it last evening. The substance of the ultimatum will be that if the strike is not ended this week the longshoremen all along the chain of lakes will be ordered out and that the entire lake traffic will be tied up, and that for every week hereafter that Mr. Connors holds the contract the grain

shovelers' union will add 50 cents to the contract price.

## THREATENS STRONG ACTION

Colorado Governor Declares He Will Force Return of the Colorado Volunteers.

DENVER, May 8.—Governor Thomas announced that within a few days, if President McKinley and the secretary of war continue to ignore his communications on the subject of the return of the Colorado regiment from the Philippines, he will take steps with a view to securing the immediate recall of the troops.

It is regarded as possible that in the event of failure of any "public attempt" which may be made to bring about the return of the troops the governor will resort to legal proceedings. If such proves to be the case, the supreme court may be called upon to decide a test case regarding the powers of the president and that provision of the constitution relating to the purposes for which volunteer soldiers may be called into service.

## CAPTAIN NAYLOR-LEYLAND DEAD.

He Was the Husband of Jennie Chamberlain, Formerly of Cleveland.

LONDON, May 8.—Captain Sir Herbert Scarsbrick Naylor-Leyland, bart, who had represented the South Port division of Southwest Lancashire in the house of commons, in the Liberal interest, since last August, died of laryngitis, after a long illness.

He passed away at his London residence, Hyde Park house, Albert Gate, S. W., in the presence of his wife, who was Miss Jennie Willson Chamberlain, formerly of Cleveland, and of his mother-in-law, Mrs. William Selah Chamberlain.

Sir Herbert Naylor-Leyland was in his thirty-sixth year.

## PLACE OF PILGRIMAGE.

Catholic Church in Which Miraculous Cures Occur, at Carey, Near Upper Sandusky.

UPPER SANDUSKY, May 8.—A small, unassuming frame structure in a quiet village, which has received special favors from Pope Leo; a church wherein simple prayer has relieved pain and cured invalids of diseases which have baffled the skill of eminent physicians and surgeons—this is the distinction claimed for Our Lady of Consolation church at Carey, 12 miles north of this city. It is the only pilgrimage church in the United States and as such it is recognized by Pope Leo.

Of wonderful cures effected affidavits and duly signed letters are in possession of Father Mizer, pastor of the church. This wonderful healing power is supposed to be derived from a fac simile statue of the famous virgin and child statue at Luxemburg, which miraculously appeared in a church erected in recognition of relief from pestilence.

## HOUSE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

One Man Badly Injured and Others Had Narrow Escapes.

WOOSTER, May 8.—During a storm at Big Prairie, Wayne county, Lyman J. Newkirk took shelter in a new house. While he was in a stooping position the house was struck by lightning. The fluid cut the house in twain, a bit of the current burned off the rim of Newkirk's hat, tore the coat and shirt from his back and tore off a strip of flesh and skin from his back, a deep furrow actually two to four inches wide.

Newkirk was rendered insensible and lay in that condition for an hour. The shock also destroyed his hearing. He is in a very critical condition. W. J. Aysworth, agent for the Pennsylvania lines, and Jack Fisher, who were also in the house, were knocked down but escaped injury.

## Republic Steel Company Officers.

YOUNGSTOWN, May 8.—The announcement was made here that the officers of the Republic Iron and Steel company will be as follows: President, August Belmont, New York; first vice president and chairman of the executive board, Myron C. Wyck, Youngstown; treasurer, John F. Taylor, Youngstown. It is also announced that \$2,000,000 has been appropriated for the erection of a plant to supply the various mills of the combination with steel billers.

## You Have a Pain,

maybe in your shoulder, or back or side; at all events you want to get rid of it. Did you ever try

## Allcock's POROUS PLASTERS

Do you know that we have hundreds of letters from all parts of the world telling us of the wonderful cures these plasters have made? Do you know that all other so-called porous plasters were started after Allcock's had acquired their enormous sales and world-wide reputation? Do you know that none of them have the medicinal properties of Allcock's? Just put them to your nose and compare the fine aromatic odor of Allcock's with the smell of all others. Don't be deceived—get the genuine article.

## TRAVELLER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart for Central Station Time.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.  
Pennsylvania Lines.  
Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward	9	11	15	31	11	307
Pittsburgh	7:00	1:35	6:30	10:00	5:00	10:00
Butte Falls	8:05	7:30	5:00	5:45	3:45	
Columbiana	9:05	3:45	7:35			
Leontonia	9:05	3:45	7:35			
Salem	9:45	4:00	8:34	7:50	6:37	9:37
Alliance	9:45	4:00	8:35	7:50	6:55	9:55
Maximo	10:05	4:20	8:54	8:00	6:57	9:57
Louisville	10:15	4:30	9:04	8:10	7:07	10:07
Canton	10:25	4:40	9:14	8:20	7:17	10:17
Buena Vista	10:35	4:50	9:24	8:30	7:27	10:27
Lawrence	10:45	5:00	9:34	8:40	7:37	10:37
Burton City	10:55	5:10	9:44	8:50	7:47	10:47
Orville	11:05	5:20	9:54	9:00	7:57	10:57
Wooster	11:15	5:30	10:04	9:10	8:07	11:07
Shreve	11:25	5:40	10:14	9:20	8:17	11:17
Big Prairie	11:35	5:50	10:24	9:30	8:27	11:27
Lucas	11:45	6:00	10:34	9:40	8:37	11:37
Greenville	11:55	6:10	10:44	9:50	8:47	11:47
Van Wert	12:05	6:20	10:54	10:00	8:57	11:57
Lucas	12:15	6:30	11:04	10:10	9:07	12:07
Greenville	12:25	6:40	11:14	10:20	9:17	12:17
Van Wert	12:35	6:50	11:24	10:30	9:27	12:27
Lucas	12:45	7:00	11:34	10:40	9:37	12:37
Greenville	12:55	7:10	11:44	10:50	9:47	12:47
Van Wert	1:05	7:20	11:54	11:00	9:57	12:57
Lucas	1:15	7:30	12:04	11:10	10:07	1:07
Greenville	1:25	7:40	12:14	11:20	10:17	1:17
Van Wert	1:35	7:50	12:24	11:30	10:27	1:27
Lucas	1:45	8:00	12:34	11:40	10:37	1:37
Greenville	1:55	8:10	12:44	11:50	10:47	1:47
Van Wert	2:05	8:20	12:54	12:00	10:57	1:57
Lucas	2:15	8:30	1:04	12:10	11:07	2:07
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## THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,

300 N. Erie Street, — MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868.

DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.

SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1898.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 1.

FARMERS' TELEPHONE NO. 68.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON SALE AT BARNER'S BOOK STORE, BARNER'S CIGAR STAND (HOTEL CORNER), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1899.

It has been announced that the Hon. John C. Welty intends to acknowledge his gubernatorial candidacy in a few days. This will be the second entry of the gubernatorial race—Kilbourne, of Franklin county, being the first.

The name of Thomas F. Turner is announced as a candidate for prosecuting attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, to be held May 20. Mr. Turner is favorably known throughout the entire county as an able lawyer, and fully qualified to fulfill the duties of the office to which he aspires.

The line of conduct to be followed by the American people when Admiral Dewey returns to the United States will be a somewhat difficult one if it is intended to consult the wishes of the modest hero of Manila bay, and at the same time give him the welcome which he deserves as the greatest hero of the Spanish-American war.

The enlistment of four hundred Porto Ricans as United States soldiers, who deem it an honor to wear the uniform of the American army, will constitute an added bond of friendship between this country and the inhabitants of its new possession who have already shown a degree of loyalty to this government which promises to be a source of strength and comfort to the administration in all periods of national emergency.

In the announcement that the individual who was prepared to back her lecture enterprise has withdrawn his offer, Mrs. George has received a valuable hint, which, if she retains any of the tact and good sense which have been attributed to her, she will not be slow to follow. Immunity from public notice would be the one great desire of any self-respecting woman in Mrs. George's present position, and it will only be by dropping quietly out of sight that she can hope to retain in any degree the sympathy of reputable people.

It is probable that American soldiers in front of the enemy in the Philippines will approve as heartily of the sentiments expressed by the speakers at the resounding meetings held in Chicago as do patriotic Americans in every part of the United States, and the resolutions pledging the people to stand by the administration while the war continues will be endorsed by the members of every regiment now in service. After all it would seem as though Edward Atkinson, of Boston, was given altogether too much consideration by having his anti-imperialist pamphlets taken out of the mails for Manila. The Filipinos could not have read them and our soldiers and sailors are too sensible to have been effected by them.

The fact that DeWitt C. Jones's paper, the Columbus Record, has come out for the nomination of Colonel Kilbourne instead of Congressman Lentz as the Democratic candidate for governor, is considered most astonishing by the State Journal, in view of the fact that when John Jacob had his miracle in 1896, and fopped from gold to silver in the twinkling of an eye, Jones was at the conversion as godfather to the newly-born white metal infant. In fact, tradition says Lentz had the change of heart and regeneration at Jones's especial urgings so as to be a congressional candidate to head off Colonel William A. Taylor for Congress. Hence, Jones's turning down of John Jacob is veiled under the necessity of keeping our ponderous congressman at Washington to watch McKinley and hold up to scorn the very wicked administration.

To those who recall Andrew Carnegie's publicly expressed opposition to the so called imperialistic policy of the administration, and his conference with William J. Bryan in New York last winter, it is comparatively easy to understand the reasons for his recently announced retirement from the steel business. Mr. Carnegie thinks that the coming presidential campaign will be fought with the anti-trust and anti-expansion people on one side, and, as chief stockholder in the Carnegie company and that company a member of the trust, he would occupy an illogical position in the ranks of the anti-trust, anti-expansion party. The development of Mr. Carnegie's philanthropic ideas, which have been announced as his chief motive in selling out his business interests, may result in the acquisition of model libraries and new church organs by ambitious communities, but Mr. Carnegie's theories are not altogether confined to philanthropy, and the coming campaign will demonstrate to what extent they may be successfully applied in the field of national politics.

Admiral Watson, who has been assigned to the command of the Asiatic station in place of Admiral Dewey, has a splendid naval record. In the war with Spain he was assigned to the command of the North Cuban blockading squadron, holding that place from May 6 to June 21, 1898. On June 21 he was placed in command of the first North Atlantic squadron of Sampson's fleet, but held the position only six days, being assigned to the command of the eastern squadron, which the government intended to send to the coast of Spain if Camara's fleet continued its voyage to the Philippines. He assumed command of the eastern squadron on July 7, proceeding from New York to Santiago on his flagship, the cruiser Newark, and was relieved on September 20, 1898, when the Newark returned to the United States. After Admiral Sampson left Santiago for New York, Admiral Watson was the senior naval officer in Cuban waters. On October 8, 1898, he was assigned to the command of the Mare Island navy yard.

It is in the face of a great disaster like that which swept over Russell & Co.'s mammoth engine and thrasher plant on Monday evening, that the closely bound interests of the employer and the employee in the conduct and protection of a great business becomes more than ever apparent. The mutual welfare of firm and workmen demanded that every possible effort be made to save the buildings from the engulfing flames last night, and that this effort was made to an heroic extent is shown by the fact that one man lost his life, and that another was terribly injured during the progress of the fire. On the other hand, even before the flames had been entirely subdued, members of the firm were planning to adjust the various difficulties likely to interrupt the work of the plant or throw the workmen out of employment. That Russell & Co. owe much of their success to the faithfulness of their men is well known, but that the men are in turn encouraged to give loyal service by the generosity and thoughtfulness of their employers is a fact which has contributed largely to the continued prosperity of Massillon's greatest industry.

## ROBERT H. FOLGER.

In the death of Robert H. Folger, Massillon residents will experience a sense of personal loss, justified in many cases by life-long familiarity or association with one who has played his part in the theatre of events for more than three-quarters of a century, and who with wit and wisdom has filled high offices of public trust unanimously accorded him. When, in his eighty-fifth year, Mr. Folger was re-elected to the bench of the city of Massillon, the then editor of THE INDEPENDENT said: "We have honored others in other ways, it is true, but in electing Mr. Folger we have honored ourselves, for when comes there such another?" Mr. Folger was a man whose increasing years brought increasing wisdom, in whom past experience meant ripened judgment in decisions of the present, and who imparted to the position he held in Massillon a dignity and character the like of which we shall not look upon again.

### "The Thorn Comes Forth With Point Forward."

The thorn point of disease is an ache or pain. But the blood is the feeder of the whole body. Purify it with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Kidneys, liver and stomach will at once respond? No thorn in this point. Blood Poisoning—"The surgeon said when he took out the brass shell received in wound at San Juan Hill two weeks before, that it would have poisoned me if it had not been for my pure blood. I told him it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that made me pure." GEORGE F. COOPER, Co. G, 25th U. S. Inf., Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C.

Rheumatism—"Myself and a friend both suffered from severe attacks of rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured both. We would not be without it." Wm. H. LESTER, 65 Leonard St., Fall River, Mass.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Drink Grain-O

After you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich, dark brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Many old soldiers now feel the effects of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson, of Ross, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, "and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for a dozen bottles." Mr. Anderson wanted it both for his own use and to supply to his neighbors and friends, as every family should have a bottle of it in their homes, not only for rheumatism, but for lame back, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by Z. T. Baltzy, opera block, and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

When you are nervous and sleepless take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes the nerves strong and gives refreshing sleep.

## ROBERT H. FOLGER.

An Old and Respected Citizen Passes Away.

A USEFUL CAREER ENDED.

Mr. Folger Occupied the Bench of Massillon for Fifty Years and Was the Oldest Practicing Lawyer in Ohio—Those Who Knew Him.

Robert H. Folger, aged 87 years, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Massillon, died on Wednesday morning at 3 o'clock, from the effects of various weaknesses attendant upon old age. Up to a period dating about four weeks ago Mr. Folger was able to attend to his business affairs, but since that time he has been confined to his bed and has been gradually sinking. Although his condition was in a measure realized by his family and friends, death was not momentarily expected. Captain William H. Folger, of the United States navy, visited his father last week, and finding that there was little perceptible change in the latter's condition from day to day, returned to New York, where he is engaged in important business connected with the fitting up of the new battleship Kearsarge. Captain Folger was notified of his father's death this morning and will probably reach the city on Thursday. Mr. Folger's other surviving children are: Miss Sarah Folger, Mrs. Elizabeth Folger, of Massillon, and Mrs. Minnie Laug, of Toledo. Mr. Folger was of Quaker descent and was connected with no church in Massillon. Funeral arrangements which are yet to be made, will therefore be very simple, and, in compliance with the earnest request of his family, all other details connected with the death of Massillon's best known citizen will be of a similar character.

Robert H. Folger was a native of Chester county, Pa., which was also the birthplace of Benjamin West, the painter. General Anthony Wayne, Bayard Taylor and other celebrities. He was born on January 11, 1812, and was a son of Maybaw and Mary Folger. The latter's maiden name was Mary Joy, daughter of Francis Joy, merchant of the island of Nantucket. His father was a sailor in all that the term implies, having served in every position that a sailor fulfills, from cabin-boy to master of a vessel. Captain Maybaw Folger, as master, circumnavigated the globe three times, his last voyage being made in the Topaz, of Boston, which cruise was completed in 1819, when he determined to quit the ocean and seek a home in the West.

He first went to Pennsylvania, from there removing to Kendall, which is now a part of Massillon. This was in August, 1813. Captain Folger died in Massillon on September 1, 1828; his widow died in Ravenna, in June, 1858, at the home of her son, W. M. Folger. The death of his father changed the whole map of Robert Folger's life. He was 17 years old. Having no definite plans, he remained out of permanent employment until December, 1834, when he went into the wholesale and retail grocery and provision business. He retired from this business in July, 1839, disposing of his entire interests.

In 1831, he decided to adopt the profession of a lawyer, entering the office of General Dwight Jarvis for the purpose of preparing himself for admission to the bar. Later he changed his mind, however, and took to mercantile pursuits. In 1839, he determined to resume the study of law, which he did under Hon. Samuel Pease and General Dwight Jarvis. He was admitted to practice at what was then New Lisbon in 1842. Mr. Folger shortly afterwards opened an office in Massillon, and had practiced in this city ever since.

Mr. Folger espoused the anti-slavery ideas of William Lloyd Garrison, which views he adhered to, acting with any organization that advocated the immediate abolition of human chattelship, voting with Whigs or Democrats, as circumstances seemed to justify. On the organization of the old Liberty party, in 1844, Mr. Folger took an active part in politics, laboring with energy for Birney, and, in 1848, for Van Buren. He became a Republican with the formation of the Republican party, and had been identified with that organization ever since.

Mr. Folger was a justice of the peace for fifteen years, and was a United States commissioner for fifty years. For many years he bore the distinction of being the oldest practicing lawyer in Ohio. He was associated with Judge Underhill in the practice of law in Massillon for a number of years, and afterwards with E. G. Willison and John O. Garrett. During recent years, however, he had practiced alone.

Mr. Folger was married in Massillon, in 1834, to Miss Amelia Heydon, whose death occurred a number of years ago.

Mr. Folger was a great student. He was always happy among his books. His library in law and miscellany is one of the finest in the county, containing many choice and rare works, including folios printed two and three centuries ago. He made deep researches into local and general history, particularly the history of the United States from the commencement of the Revolution, and was able to offhand furnish information on almost all subjects connected with the organization of states and territories. He was an authority on all matters pertaining to the history of Massillon and vicinity. His wonderful memory could bring before him events that had long since faded from the recollections of others, and it never played him any

tricks. Dates, faces, places and happenings were fixed in his mind, and age apparently never in the slightest degree impaired his memory.

THOSE WHO KNEW HIM BEST.

Referring to Mr. Folger this morning, John O. Garrett, for a number of years associated with him in the practice of law, said: "Having been a partner of Mr. Folger for more than two years, and having been continuously associated with him since 1879 as partner, lawyer and justice of the peace, I knew him as a man of extensive legal knowledge, a successful advocate, of sterling integrity and a success in his profession; a man of general information, remarkable memory and practical ideas of the times and age in which he lived. With him died information concerning the last century that few, if any, in Stark county can recount. We who knew him best will miss his counsel—ever ready and willing to give, to assist the student or young lawyer. His equal will be, in this respect, sought for in vain in this community. Ripe in experience, a thorough self-made scholar and a man among men, I am sorry to bid him adieu."

"My association with Mr. Folger," said Robert H. Day, "dated from 1892, since which time, until very recently, I saw him almost daily in office life. That association was not only pleasant and social, but instructive and interesting in a high degree. His acquaintance with prominent men of the abolition and war period, his wonderfully retentive memory, his knowledge of the classics and literature made him always a welcome visitor and a man whom it was always a pleasure to meet. As a lawyer and judicial officer, he was hard-working, active and impartial, and to the younger members of the profession with which he was connected for so long, he was an example of application and industry. Take him for all in all, we shall not look upon his like again. Everywhere that one's business might take him, he finds people who knew and respected Mr. Folger. But a month ago, while in Cadiz, I met the Hon. John A. Bingham, who was associated with Stanton in the practice of law, and who was for years United States minister to Japan. He inquired after Mr. Folger, and expressed the wish that they might meet again soon."

"As a man, as a citizen and as a lawyer," remarked William McMillan today, "I respected and admired Mr. Folger, and it was with the deepest regret that I heard of his death. He possessed qualities and qualifications which were distinctively his own, and his place will not be easily filled."

O. E. Young—Mr. Folger was one of the most remarkable of public men of the times. He was engaged in the active practice of the law for a greater length of time than any member of the bar in this state, and probably in the United States. He was well and favorably known throughout Ohio, and was indeed the sage of the bar of this state. He was a man of remarkably good memory, and he retained that faculty to his old age, and until very recently. He took an active interest in all the public questions of his time. He was at all times interesting and instructive, particularly in conversation, and universally kind and courteous, especially to the younger members of the bar, to whom advice was cheerfully given and his large and valuable library was always at their disposal. He has lived a very long, useful and active life.

R. W. McCaughey—Mr. Folger was one of the most entertaining men I ever knew. He was a brilliant conversationalist, being able to talk intelligently on almost any subject. His mind was stored with good things, and it was no mental exertion for him to quote literally the best and brightest sayings of our great men. He had a wonderful conversance with the works of the famous authors. He was a credit to the legal profession, and he was in every respect a good citizen.

E. G. Willison—No citizen perhaps will miss Mr. Folger more than myself. He was my preceptor, at one time my law partner and for the last seven years my next door neighbor in business. He was a man to whom I went in confidence in matters both professional and personal. F. L. Baldwin probably knew Mr. Folger longer and better than any other Massillon member of the legal profession. Mr. Baldwin is now in Akron, and has not yet heard of Mr. Folger's death.

## NEWS FROM SAMOA.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—[By Associated Press]—A cablegram from Admiral Kautz, dated May 3, says the Brutus arrived April 29. All is quiet at Apia, and the marines have been withdrawn, as their presence on shore is no longer required. The condition of affairs is much improved.

General Otis telegraphs that the transport Pennsylvania leaves today from Manila for San Francisco, and three other transports leave this week.

The Samoan commission is due at Apia today. All consuls and all others in authority will be immediately superseded and the commission will be in supreme authority.

## RICHER THAN KLONDIKE.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—[By Associated Press]—The Examiner prints a story of a new gold discovery in the United States territory, 120 miles from St. Michael, exceeding the Klondike in richness. It is said to be only six feet to bed rock, and pays from the surface.

## OBITUARY NOTICE.

DEATH OF A CHILD.

CANAL FULTON, May 10.—The three-month-old son of the Rev. Wm. Leisher, who lives at Clinton, died at noon today. The funeral will take place from the Lutheran church on Thursday at 2 p. m., the Rev. C. A. Keller, of Akron, officiating.

## KILLED AT MANILA.

Two Stark County Boys Shot in Battle.

SMITH AND FREDERICKS.

The Latter, Said to Have Been a Resident of Massillon, is Unknown Here—Smith Served With the Eighth Ohio in Cuba.

The Canton Repository of Sunday contains a letter written by Augustus Halter, now a member of the Twenty-second United States infantry, in the Philippines. The letter, dated Manila, March 22, addressed to his parents, who reside in Canton, is as follows:

"I will now write you a few lines to let you know that I am well and hope you may be the same when this letter reaches you. I must tell you that we were ordered out on the firing line the day after I wrote you the last letter, and since that time we have been in three battles, one on the 13th, one on the 18th, and another on the 19th. On the 13th we took a town called Passic. We did not have to fight very hard and had only two men wounded, one shot in the leg, and another in the hand.

"On the 18th, however, we had a harder time of it as the natives tried to take the town again and they sent our battalion to try to chase them away, but it turned out the other way. We made three advances toward them, but at last, they got us surrounded, and, you bet, we had to fight to get out of it. We had eight men wounded besides the captain, who was shot in the leg. Two men were killed and they were both from Ohio. One was from Canton and his name is John Smith; he was with the Eighth Ohio in Cuba. The other man's name is Fredericks, and he resided in Massillon. He enlisted with me; there were four of us all together, Fred, Fredericks, Parmer and myself. I am the only one fit for duty, as Parmer was shot in the side. On the 19th our company did not do any fighting, as we were played out from the work of the night before, but we heard the bullets whistle just the same. I got a letter from Herm on the battlefield and was glad to hear from him. I have just heard that we will go out again on Friday to try to take another town."

The Fredericks referred to enlisted at Wooster on December 21 in the Twenty-second infantry. His name appears on the books at the recruiting office as Charles W. and he gave Massillon as his place of residence. No person of that name, so far as can be learned, ever resided in Massillon. There are three families of that name here, but none has any relatives in the army. There is also a family living between here and McDonaldsville, but it is impossible to get into communication with them. It may be that the deceased soldier was a relative of theirs.

## NEWS FROM CANTON.

Mrs. George's First Lecture Engagement Cancelled.

CANTON, May 8.—Mrs. George will not lecture in Pittsburgh Tuesday evening, as announced last week. A Pittsburgh dispatch says: "It was announced today that the person who was willing to back the enterprise financially was satisfied that public opinion was too hostile. Notice was consequently sent to Mrs. George that the offer had been withdrawn."

While in this city last Saturday, the Hon. G. W. Wilhelm, of Justus, announced that he was a candidate for state senator.

A. B. Winnett, formerly a resident of Osnaburg, is under arrest on a charge of securing signatures to notes under false pretenses, a man named Schwartz being the complaining witness.

A petition has been filed in common pleas court by E. E. Hanna against Lydia B. Stamp and J. H. Stamp to collect a note of \$477.75.

Peter Pierson has filed a petition in common pleas court against J. H. and Mary E. Williamson and Michael J. Holtz to foreclose a mortgage for \$500, with interest since 1893.

A final dividend of six per cent. has been filed in the estate of I. Perskey, of North Lawrence.

The final dividend of twenty-two per cent. has been filed in the assignment of the U. B. Church of Massillon.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Edwin H. Seely and Lucy Jones, of Massillon; Chas. C. Kruschinsky and Flora A. Reis, of Crystal Spring; Louis Schadly and Hattie Bayton, of Canton.

Dr. Mitchell says in difficult cases of Anemia, he adds cod-liver oil half an hour after each meal and he likes to use it in an emulsion; that he has watched with growing surprise some listless, feeble, creature gathering flesh, color and wholesomeness of mind and body from this treatment.

"Scott's Emulsion" is cod-liver oil combined with hypophosphites. It regenerates tissue, invigorates the nerves and brain, enriches the blood and adds fat and strength.

Sole and St. Co., all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

## SPECIALISTS FAILED.



Mrs. C. A. Merrill, of Chetopa, Kans., suffered from a peculiar nervous trouble which baffled the skill of leading specialists. She says: "I cannot say enough in praise of Dr. Miles' Nervine. I suffered agonizing pain in left side of my head and I thought it would drive me insane. Specialists in Cincinnati and Kansas City treated me without benefit. Then I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine and obtained prompt relief, and finally a permanent cure."

## Dr. Miles' Nervine

is sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free. Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

## AT ST. TIMOTHY'S CHURCH.

Meeting of the Central Convocation—Clergymen Present.

The spring meeting of the central convocation of the diocese of Ohio was opened in St. Timothy's church on Monday at 7:30 p. m., with the usual evening service and a sermon by the Rev. Abner L. Frazer, rector of St. John's church, Youngstown. The Rt. Rev. William A. Leonard, LL. D., bishop of the diocese, was present, and the following clergymen took part in the services:

The Rev. Abner L. Frazer, of Youngstown; the Rev. A. C. Jones, of Wooster; the Rev. E. L. Wells, of Salem; the Rev. J. C. Hathaway, of Canton; the Rev. Daniel Thornbury, of Dennison; the Rev. A. B. Putnam, of Mansfield, and the Rev. Mr. Atwater, of Akron.

The Rev. Mr. Frazer's sermon was on the subject of church missions and the true missionary spirit as demonstrated in the life of the churchman, who, recognizing the high calling received in his baptism, endeavors faithfully to spread the teachings of christianity. This morning there was a celebration of the holy communion in the church at 8 o'clock and at 9 o'clock a business session was held at which a paper was read by the Rev. Mr. Frazer on "The Revision of the Convocational System of the Diocese." At 12 o'clock luncheon was served by the women of the church in the parish building. An interesting paper, by the Rev. A. B. Putnam, of Mansfield, was read at the afternoon session on "Sisterhoods in the Church." This evening there will be a service with addresses by the Revs. E. L. Wells, A. C. Jones, Joseph Baker and others.

A telegram was sent by the convocation this morning to the Rev. Edwin Weary, of East Liverpool, congratulating him and the congregation of St. Stephen's church on the payment of their entire indebtedness. The following resolution was also adopted:

Whereas, We, the members of the Central Convocation of the Diocese of Ohio, have seen with great sorrow, the disaster that befell the city of Massillon, in the destruction of a part of the works of the Russell Company, and especially in the serious injury of one and the sad, but heroic death of another fireman while in the line of duty,

Resolved, That we extend to all who suffer our deepest sympathy, to the city of Massillon and to the Russell Company, but especially to him who is suffering as a result of his fearless courage while doing his duty, and to the bereaved family of the brave man who fell.

W. A. LEONARD, Bishop of Ohio, A. B. PUTNAM, Dean, JAY C. HATHAWAY, Secretary. Bishop Leonard returned to Cleveland this afternoon. While in the city he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Arnold.

## Low Rates to Minneapolis.

On account of the annual meeting, General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, the Chicago & North-Western Railway will sell low rate tickets to Minneapolis and return on May 16-18, limited to June 3, 1899, at one fare plus \$2.00. Tickets honored on the North-Western Limited, electric lighted throughout, leaving Chicago daily 6:30 p. m. Other trains leave Chicago at 9 a. m., 10 p. m. and 10:15 p. m. For full information apply to any ticket agent or address D. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

Advertised Letters. List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, May 9, 1899:

LADIES. Reed, Miss Florence. MEN. Adams, John. Mason, Jas. Garner, W. O. Miller, W. N. Karter, Peter. Wilson, Wm. J. Youtzy, Wash.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M. I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have used all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found one remedy that has been a success as a cure, and that is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.—P. C. CRUSHAM, Gaars Mills, La. For sale by Z. T. Baltzy, opera block, and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. D. Kitchen and daughter are visiting friends in Cleveland.

J. A. Snider, of Kansas City, is a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Conrad.

Mrs. Harrison Lynch and the Misses Estella and Ida Lynch are visiting in Cleveland.

Isaac Deardorff, of Canal Dover, is the guest of Mrs. Mary C. McCullough, in East Main street.

Miss Mary Clark, of Parksville, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Kline, in Park street.

The graduating class of the Wellsville high school is this year composed entirely of young women.

One hundred and four new books were recently added to the collection at the public library and are now ready for circulation.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Huwig entertained a small party of Massillon friends, Sunday afternoon, at their home west of West Brookfield.

The date of the concert, which was to have been given at the Armory on May 24, under the direction of E. J. McBride, has been changed to May 23.

The council of Cadiz has passed an ordinance prohibiting nitro glycerine wagons from passing through that place on their way to the Scioto oil fields.

Edward B. Wright, of Youngstown, upon his third conviction, has been adjudged an habitual criminal and has been sent to the penitentiary for life.

Mrs. Catherine Stucker, of 301 West Main street, has been notified of the death of her uncle, Romanus Stucker, aged 70 years, at his home south of Canton.

Mrs. Mary E. King, of Chicago, and Mrs. James Aimer and children, of Peoria, Ill., are visiting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. King, in East Oak street.

Henry Myers, who recently escaped from the workhouse, was arrested at the home of his sister, Mrs. Jones, at Pauls, by the Massillon authorities this afternoon, and returned to Canton.

Miss Mabel Nunemaker, after an illness of fifteen weeks at her Louisville home, returned to Massillon today, and resumed her duties as a teacher in the West Tremont street school building.

Albert Anderson, a state hospital patient from Pike township, has been returned to his home. He is strong and harmless, and his mother says she has a great deal of work on the farm for him to do.

W. B. Robinson, of Crestline, will tomorrow become district manager of the Central Union Telephone Company, to succeed S. A. Stalcup, who has been appointed a special agent of the company.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Smith have issued cards for the marriage of their daughter, Ella Mae, to Dr. Frank Wesley Gavin, Wednesday evening, May 24, at 7 o'clock, at their residence, at 188 South East street.

The Stark County Horticultural Society will hold its May meeting at the residence of D. L. Buffenmeyer, two miles northwest of Canton, on the Fulton road, on Wednesday, May 17, all day. Margaret Rockhill, secretary.

Plans for the erection of a big speed track and club house by the horsemen of the four largest towns of Tuscarawas county have come to light. Uhrichsville, Dennison, New Philadelphia and Canal Dover are the four towns in the venture.

Many buildings in Salineville, including the Presbyterian church and the high school, were badly damaged Saturday morning by the caving in of the land over an abandoned mine. The water mains were also broken, and the residents fear further trouble.

Massillon Commandery No. 4 K. T. has accepted an invitation from St. Bernard Commandery No. 51 of Uhrichsville to attend Ascension day services at New Philadelphia on Sunday, May 14. Trains will leave on the C. & L. & W. at 9:41 a. m. All sir knights and their ladies are requested to turn out. I. M. Taggart, E. C.

The Union Co-operative Pottery Company, of East Liverpool, is in the hands of a receiver, J. R. Warner, heretofore secretary of the company. It is declared that the company is entirely solvent, but that, owing to internal dissensions, a reorganization is desired. The liabilities are only \$36,000, while the assets are about \$93,000.

Two sharpers and a 15-year-old boy who appears to be 18 have successfully worked Canton tobacco dealers, and they are now said to be in Massillon. After the overgrown boy has bought a plug of tobacco, the dealer is arrested, the boy's companions making the affidavit. They get half of the fine, which is usually fifty dollars, for reporting the matter.

Persons who have been in the habit of fishing on the W. & L. E. trestle south of Tremont street, are warned that any future trespassing will be followed by prosecution. Frequently the lines, in being pulled up, become entangled in the telegraph wires overhead, drawing them together, and thus destroying telegraphic connections, and causing much delay and annoyance to railway men.

The fifteen-round boxing match between John McGlinn, of this city, and Joe Ehret, of Massillon, has been declared off. The exhibition was scheduled to occur Tuesday evening, May 16, in the Massillon opera house for a purse of \$100. Ehret, who had charge of the arrangement, stated Saturday evening that the preliminary exhibitions which had been arranged fell through and for this and other reasons the bout was postponed indefinitely. McGlinn had been training hard and is somewhat disappointed.—Canton Repository.

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## NEWS OF NEWMAN. NOT CONSIDERED.

### Interesting Notes and Comments.

#### MARRIED MEN TRIUMPH.

Owing to Excessive Modesty the Score is Withheld—The Brick Yard Company Voluntarily Makes an Advance in the Wages of Its Men.

NEWMAN, May 10.—We are pleased to learn that George Williams passed a successful examination under the Boxwell law recently held at Canton.

Lorenzo Williams has about completed his work in assessing the personal property of this precinct and his report will increase over last year.

The report is current that the teachers of our public schools in this township are to suffer a reduction, notwithstanding the much talked of prosperity all over this country. The talk is again revived of forming a special district in this part of the township.

The game of baseball between the married and single men last Saturday resulted in a victory for the married men. Modesty together with the request of the single men forbids us from giving the score.

Our brick yard company has voluntarily given all their employees an advance in wages which went into effect last pay day.

Through the kindness of M. D. Ratchford we have received a copy of T. V. Powderly's evidence as given to the industrial commission at Washington, in which he dwells at some length on the mining situation and the restriction of immigration, giving the board some indisputable practical facts. Mr. Stump, ex-commissioner general, in giving his testimony approved of the illiterate immigration to this country. Mr. Powderly opposed that idea by saying we have American labor in abundance in this country who are anxious to work for living wages.

We have read an article from THE INDEPENDENT'S "Ex-Miner" relative to our opinion on the Smith resolution, making \$1.50 per day the minimum to be paid for labor performed in the city. He classes us as a critic, offering rebuke, etc. We have no desire to get into a controversy over this matter, and yet it becomes absolutely necessary for us to defend our honest opinion in behalf of honorable toil we will do so to the best of our humble ability, and if such a position will place us in the category of a critic or rebuker then we will plead guilty to the charge. We cannot recall the first article of the "Ex-Miner," but our recollection is that his article was adverse to the Smith resolution, hence opposed to the common laborer receiving \$1.50 per day, while we hold that no man should be asked to work ten hours for any less.

We certainly could not indulge in personalities for the reason that we did not know then nor do we know now who "Ex-Miner" is, and it matters not whether he has mined coal recently or remotely or at all, for we sometimes have ex-miners who turn out to be labor oppressors, not saying that such is the case in this particular instance. Of course, he is entitled to his opinion on this question, whether he is a friend of labor or not, but remember "by thy fruits are ye known." If you are a friend of labor you will use all honorable means for its advancement. We are opposed to extremes in any case, and consequently will not consider his \$3 per day proposition. However, we would say let the council make the minimum price \$1.50 per day and we have no doubt but that the common laborer will receive his pay. Now, in conclusion, we never did say that "Ex-Miner" was a bad man or that he was opposed to honest toil, but what we did say and what we again reiterate is, that \$1.50 for ten hours labor should be the minimum price paid to workmen, and he who is opposed to that figure is not the friend of the laboring man.

It is time that the people of Newman make the necessary preparations for the proper observance of Memorial Day exercises. Let some one make an announcement, say next Sunday after school is dismissed, or next week, either would be a good time for a meeting.

May be Reduced to One Cent.

The enormous increase in the number of letters carried in the United States mails makes it certain that the rate of postage must eventually be reduced to one cent an ounce. The President who succeeds in getting such a measure through Congress will hold a high place in the esteem of the people, but no higher than the esteem in which the people hold Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine has an unequalled record for curing the sickness of mankind. It gets at the starting point of diseases by acting upon the stomach direct, helping that important organ in its duty of digesting food. It makes good appetite, allays nervousness, stimulates the kidneys and makes the run-down man or woman feel like a new person. Try it.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

### Russell & Co. Pay No Attention to Big Offers.

#### TO REMAIN IN MASSILLON.

When the Time Comes They will Rebuild Here—All Departments Working Today—What the Employees Accomplished Monday Night.

The idea seems to have gone abroad that all or the greater part of Russell & Co.'s manufactory was destroyed by fire Monday night, and the mail and telegraph are hourly bringing in offers from boards of trade and others offering big bonuses to have the institution rebuilt in their towns. Ottumwa, Ia., offers \$50,000. No attention is being paid to letters and telegrams of this sort. Though the building swept away by the fire was valuable and had valuable contents, its loss in nowise affects operations at the works. Not one of the shops was damaged, and as many men are at work and as many machines are being turned out today as before the fire.

#### WHAT THE EMPLOYEES DID.

"Without depreciating the work of the city fire department," said an employee of Russell & Company today, "for they all worked hard and nobly as individuals and as an organization, and I know that everybody, including Russell & Company, feels grateful, and that all was done that possibly could be done, yet at the same time too much cannot be said in praise of the men—employees of the firm—who worked all night long in the farm engine erecting department, the building directly adjoining the burned warehouse on the south. The work of these men, with the efficiency of the shop fire facilities and organization, saved that building from destruction; and it was the most important of all at this time, when the work of turning out engines is of vital importance.

"These men stood by their posts all night long, drenched through with water and in imminent peril, as the walls on the south side of the doomed building threatened to fall over on them at each moment; and in fact a part did fall over and crush the theater building. The men on the inside barely got out of the road in time to save getting hurt. It is a fine thing to think of employees devoting themselves so heroically to the interests of their employers."

#### NEWS FROM CANTON.

The Man Who Robbed a Beach City Store Sentenced.

CANTON, May 9.—James Norton, indicted by the grand jury on a charge of burglary, pleaded guilty to the indictment and was sentenced by Judge McCarty to two years in the penitentiary. Norton was arrested for robbing the store of W. H. Raff, in Beach City.

John Moore, arrested Monday morning for truancy, was taken before Judge Wise, who sentenced him to the boys' industrial home at Lancaster. He was taken to that institution Monday afternoon.

In the case of Mountz vs. Mountz, the plaintiff was granted a divorce from her husband, in Judge Taylor's court, this morning. Defendant was charged with extreme cruelty.

George Snider, H. Pille and H. Suhr, of Massillon, are appraising the stock of Louis Bookius, deceased.

A man named Botz, of New Berlin, was today placed under arrest on a charge of abandoning his minor children.

Maggie Jorden, of East Greenville, indicted by the grand jury for shooting with intent to kill, has given bond in the sum of \$1,000 for her appearance before the common pleas court.

The final account in the estate of John Corker, of Tuscarawas township, has been filed.

The Union Medical Association of Northeastern Ohio held its 111th session in the assembly room of the city hall today.

#### NEWS FROM CANTON.

Sheriff Zaiser Takes a Prisoner to the Penitentiary.

CANTON, May 10.—About fifty physicians attended the meeting of the Union Medical Association of Northeastern Ohio yesterday. Dr. T. C. Miller, of Massillon, led in the discussion, "The Submergence of Individual Judgment." Judge McCarty yesterday granted a divorce to Mrs. Hudnut, with custody of her child. The question of alimony was settled out of court.

The petit jury has been called for next Monday, May 15.

The case of Kerstetter's administrator vs. Bear Brothers has been settled out of court.

#### About Catarrh.

It is caused by a cold or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Its symptoms are pain in the head, discharge from the nose, ringing noises in the ears. It is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla which purifies and enriches the blood, soothes and rebuilds the tissues and relieves all the disagreeable sensations.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. Mailed for 25c. by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

# FAIR WOMEN SPEAK.

## Pe-ru-na Works Wonders for the Gentler Sex in Catarrhal Ailments.



### MRS. COLONEL HAMILTON.

That Pe-ru-na has become a household remedy in the home of Mrs. Colonel Hamilton is well attested by a letter from her, which says: "I can give my testimony as to the merits of your remedy, Pe-ru-na. I have been taking the same for some time, and am enjoying better health now than I have for some years. I attribute the change to Pe-ru-na, and recommend Pe-ru-na to every woman, believing it to be especially beneficial to them." Mrs. Hamilton's residence is 259 Goodale street, Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Margaret A. Dauben, No. 1214 North Superior street, Racine City, Wis., says: "I feel so well and good and healthful now that pen cannot describe it. Pe-ru-na is everything to me. I feel healthy and well, but if I should be sick I would know what to take. I have taken several bottles for female complaint. I am in the change of life and it does me good."

#### The Mucous Membranes.

What are the mucous membranes? They are the lining membranes of all the cavities, organs and passages of the human body. If the mucous membrane of the head, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, or any other organ of the body, becomes congested, inflamed, or ulcerated, the health of the organ is immediately impaired and promptly disturbed. A congestion, inflammation or ulceration of the mucous membrane, whether of the head, stomach, kidneys, or other organ, is known to the medical profession as catarrh. The people generally, however, suppose that a disease of the stomach is entirely different in its nature from a disease of the liver, kidneys, or bladder. But this is not the case if the derangement is due to congestion of the lining mucous membrane. The trouble is simply catarrh, wherever it happens to be located. It is known by different names, such as dyspepsia, Bright's disease, female complaint, diarrhoea, bronchitis, consumption and a host of other names. Wherever there is a congested mucous membrane there is catarrh.

#### Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made and that, too, by a lady in this country. "Dyspepsia fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery by purchasing a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hammick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00; every bottle guaranteed.

#### The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose stomach and liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful stomach and liver remedy, give a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

#### Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Carzile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved.—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50c. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist. Guaranteed.

May 14, 15 and to account the National Baptist Anniversary, excursion tickets will be sold to San Francisco, Cal., via Pennsylvania lines, good to return until July 16. For further particulars call on local ticket agent.

### MISS ANNIE WYANDOTTE.

Miss Annie Wyandotte, queen of the operatic stage and dramatic soprano, has written Dr. Hartman a number of very enthusiastic letters concerning her cure. Catarrh had completely destroyed her voice, so that she was unable to speak aloud. Pe-ru-na restored her voice completely, enabling her to return to her public profession. The following is a sample of the letters which her gratitude prompts her to write to Dr. Hartman, the discoverer of Pe-ru-na, the world famous catarrh remedy: "FIFTEENTH ST. AND JACKSON AVE., KANSAS CITY, MO."

"Dr. Hartman: "Dear Sir—Only those who have been afflicted can ever know the intense satisfaction and gratitude that comes with a complete cure. Pe-ru-na has been my salvation. It has given me back a beautiful voice, a gift of God; it has brought me once more to my old profession. I can talk now, and sing, where before, I could scarcely whisper. Can you wonder at my delight? I wish every person who is suffering as I suffered might know Pe-ru-na. I was too ambitious, and just at the time when my voice was at its best I broke down in New York City from overwork, hard study and catarrh. I was sent home in an invalid's chair, and for ten months was bedridden. A terrible attack of rheumatism depleted what little strength I had, and it seemed as though I was never to walk or talk any more. My voice was completely gone. April 15 I felt so elated over the restoration of my voice that I inserted an advertisement in The Star for vocal pupils. The advertisement, which cost me 65 cents, brought me five pupils, and that was the beginning of my present large class. Yours gratefully, Annie Wyandotte."

Mrs. Nancy Dougherty, Kirsinee City, Fla., writes: "I was a sufferer from dropsy, affecting my stomach, legs and feet. I had employed physicians in vain. They had given me up. At last my son-in-law got some Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin, and I immediately began to improve. In a short time I was entirely cured."

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering eighteen months from rectal fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. 25 cents a box. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

#### Half Rates to San Francisco.

Via the Chicago & North-Western Railway. Quickest time, grandest scenery, variable routes, perfect service. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rate of one first class fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale May 14, limited to return until July 15, 1899, inclusive, account of meeting of National Baptist Societies' Anniversary. For rates and other information ask your nearest ticket agent or write to D. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

#### Whooping Cough.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house.—J. L. Moons, South Burketstown, Pa. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Opera block, and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

#### Do—C—We—Agree—With You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee. It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strongest and purest substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it, and you will have a delicious and healthful beverage for old and young. 15 and 25c."

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—Monarch over pain.

### MISS CLARA STOECKER.

Miss Clara Stoecker says: "I had chronic catarrh for over a year. I tried many remedies, but found no relief until I saw an advertisement in the paper of your treatment for chronic catarrh. I tried it, and I think I am now well. I recommend Pe-ru-na to all my friends who are afflicted with catarrh." Miss Stoecker lives at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Margaret Fritz, Wagon, Okla., writes: "I extend my sincere thanks for the good advice you have given me. I do not believe I would have been living now if it were not for you. I had suffered with flow of blood for four months, and the doctors could help me but little. They operated on me three times. It was very painful and I only obtained little relief. I was so weak I could not turn in bed. Then I applied to Dr. Hartman. I did not know whether he could help me or not, but I followed his advice, and used only three bottles of Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. Now I am well and as strong as I ever was, thanks to your remedies."

A Doctor's Visit.

Would you like to have Dr. Hartman call on you? How can that be? you ask. How can Dr. Hartman visit every family in the United States? This is the way: This article goes into every house. Everyone has the privilege of reading it. Through these words Dr. Hartman speaks to every family. He asks if any in the house is sick. If so, would you not like to consult me as to the nature of your disease? If you would like me to do so, I will give your case careful attention. I have a large institution and many assistants, and am in a position to detect the nature of disease, where they could not possibly be detected by the ordinary physician. Have you catarrh of the head, throat, lungs, stomach or any other organ of the body? If so, write to him at once. He will send you directions for treatment without charge. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

#### Cheap Excursions, 1899.

Annual Meeting General Assembly, Cumberland Presbyterian Church at Denver, Col., May 18 to 26.  
Annual Meeting General Assembly Presbyterian Church at Minneapolis, Minn., May 18 to June 1.  
National Baptist Anniversary at San Francisco, Cal., May 25 to 30.  
National Educational Association at Los Angeles, Cal., July 11 to 14.  
For all these meetings cheap excursion rates have been made and delegates and others interested should bear in mind that the best route to each convention city is via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R.R. and its connections. Choice of routes is offered those going to the meetings on the Pacific Coast of going via Omaha or Kansas City and returning by St. Paul and Minneapolis. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R.R. has the shortest line between Chicago and Omaha, and the best line between Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, the route of the Pioneer Limited, the only perfect train in the world.  
All coupon ticket agents sell tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R.R. For time tables and information as to rates and routes call on or address E. G. Hayden, Traveling Passenger Agent, 131 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

#### Greatly Reduced Rates to Denver

Via Chicago & Northern-Western Railway. On account of the annual meeting, General Assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, to be held in Denver, May 18-26, 1899, excursion tickets will be sold at the favorable rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip, with favorable return limits. Tickets on sale May 15-16, 1899. For rates and other information ask your nearest ticket agent or apply to D. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

#### NOTICE TO FARMERS.

Highest Market Price for Wheat Paid by M. Neal.

M. Neal, proprietor of the Massillon City Mills, wishes to announce that he is now paying the highest market price for wheat, and will continue to do so during the brief time that operations will be suspended and thereafter.

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## CLIMBING ROSES.

Extensive Bloom Depends on Liberal Fertilizing and Judicious Pruning.

In the case of climbing or running pillar roses the end desired is as great an amount of bloom as can be obtained from the plant. Such plants are, as a rule, strong growers, and if the soil fertility is kept up they are capable of producing an immense number of good blooms. Perfection of form and large size of bloom is not a direct object, as in the case of hybrid perpetuals, hybrid teas and tea roses, where close pruning is resorted to to attain such results. Knowing the plant to be of a vigorous variety, and in good condition, as shown by the growth of wood of the previous year it is safe to assume that it will be able to carry nearly as much bloom as can be set on the strong canes and shoots of the last year's growth. It is always to be understood that the soil fertility is maintained in the best condition by the use of stable manure or artificial fertilizers. The essential pruning, therefore, of climbing roses, in the condition mentioned, consists in shortening the long canes by removing some of the smaller growth at their tips which was made late in the season, and also shortening in the last year's growth from the older canes, allowing more buds to each shoot, as in the placement of the pruning, may be well developed the coming season. American Gardening gives the following pruning directions:

Cut away entirely all dead wood and all canes that are no longer serviceable, and all weak shoots.

Leave as many principal canes as the plant appears capable of supporting.

Shorten the principal canes to strong sound wood.

Shorten the shoots of last year's growth to a few buds (four or six) from which the plant will be able to produce new shoots sufficient to cover the whole space of the trellis, or that occupied by the main canes.

## Field Corn.

The best dent variety. Ears of large size, set low upon the stalks and nearly always two or more good ears upon each stalk as shown in the illustration. Cob very small, with deep kernels, which are of a rich golden



color. It is an immense yielder, having produced 136 bushels of shelled corn per acre, withstanding drought better than most other varieties and succeeds of all soils, whether light or heavy, and over a wide range of climate.

## Grape Culture.

The town of Portland on Lake Erie is six miles square, and according to Grape Belt, published at Dunkirk on Lake Erie more grapes are grown in its northern part than in any equal area of land in the world. Not merely vineyards are here to be seen, but entire farms planted with vines, and now loaded with their luscious fruit. Messrs. Dean have a model vineyard, embracing 100 acres all producing grapes. The town last year shipped 1,900 cars of grapes. The private residences of these grape-growing farmers show that the business is a paying one though times the last year or two have been too low to give the profits that were formerly obtained. A great many of the grapes grown are Concord, though where the Worden, which is an earlier and better grape is substituted it is often sold as Concord.

## Harnesse.

Whenever a horse is sold the harness in which it has been used is working ought always to go with the bargain. No two harnesses were ever made to fit alike and especially where the pressure comes on the shoulder or neck in drawing. The skin under the old harness has been gradually toughened by pressure on one spot. But with the new harness the pressure is shifted, it may be only an inch or two, but it comes where the skin is tender and will quickly break when exposed to the collar. If the whole harness cannot go, be at least sure to secure the collar with any new horse purchased, so that the animal can work without being tortured. The collar once used for one horse ought never to be used for another.

## WHEELING WINS.

## Heavy Hitters Bat Out a Sunday Victory.

## THE SCORE WAS 14 TO 5.

Massillon's Showing was Excellent, However, and Its Possibilities are Great—The New Men and Their Work.

It was neither weak team work nor poor individual fielding that made the Massillon baseball team's opening game a defeat. Too many of the boys could not find the ball, while their Wheeling interstate league friends hit often and hard. The Massillon players had not had a single practice game; in fact most of them had not before had a ball in their hands this season, and that it why bad fielding was expected to send the victory elsewhere. But they all played well, and with the improvement that daily practice will bring there is no reason why this team should not develop into the strongest the town has ever had.

Keller pitched the first few innings of the game and was succeeded by Joyce, who later gave way to Keeley. Keller seems to be stronger this year than last, but he has not yet gotten into his usual pitching form. Both Joyce and Keeley give promise of proving good investments, though from the little work they did yesterday it is impossible to judge of their ability. Joyce came here from Canton, Keeley is a Cleveland man, Donovan, who is also from Cleveland, caught Keeley, Parker, who did lively work at short, is now a Massillon man. His father until recently conducted a saloon here.

Morrissey is from Toledo. He played hard and well, and proved handy with his bat. Stark covered the first bag as if it were the middle of the season instead of the beginning, seeming none the worse for not having practiced. Witt allowed nothing to get away in his part of the field, and did a trifle more than half of the batting and scoring. Buhmair felt out of place at third, but he gave a good account of himself nevertheless. Gove, Daly and Cabot were a strong outfield, making twelve of the twenty-seven put-outs.

Latimer opened the game for Wheeling by rapping out the first ball thrown up for a home run. The next three went down without a struggle.

Daly drew four balls, scoring on Witt's three-bagger to left field. Stark flew out to Frances. Morrissey sent a grounder to the shortstop, who attempted to catch Witt, by this time homeward bound, and failed. Gove struck out, and Buhmair dropped a foul fly into the catcher's mit.

Wheeling's six runs in the next inning are a story of a two base hit by Durrett and five singles by others. After sending himself to second on a long hit, Daly, in the third, was assisted to the next base and was caught trying to make home on a little grounder by Morrissey to the shortstop. The ball hit Witt, who worked around to third and scored on Gove's single. Gove's hit and Frances's error helped Morrissey home.

Witt made Massillon's last score in the fifth. He hit for two bases, stole third and scored on Morrissey's single. Good luck and hard hitting figure largely in the remainder of Wheeling's part of the history of the contest.

## OFFICIAL SCORE.

Wheeling	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
Latimer, cf.	6	2	4	1	0	0	0	0
Durrett, 1b.	6	1	3	3	0	0	0	0
Niles, 3b.	5	2	1	2	0	0	0	0
Lytle, rf.	5	1	2	1	0	0	0	0
Kohn, lb.	4	3	2	3	0	0	0	0
Hunt, c.	3	2	1	13	0	0	0	0
Holmes, ss.	5	1	4	1	1	0	0	0
Frances, 2b.	4	1	1	3	2	2	0	0
Dolan, p.	3	1	0	0	2	0	0	0
Cummings, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

Tots	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
Massillon	4	1	2	7	0	0	0	0
Daly, cf.	4	1	2	7	0	0	0	0
Witt, 2b.	3	3	2	0	4	0	0	0
Stark, c.	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Morrissey, c.	4	1	1	2	2	1	0	0
Gove, lf.	4	0	2	4	1	0	0	0
Buhmair, 3b.	5	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
Parker, ss.	4	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
Cabot, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Keller, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Joyce, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Keeley, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donovan, c.	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0

Totals	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
Wheeling	37	5	8	27	16	1	0	0
Runs	1	6	3	2	0	1	10	14
Hits	1	6	3	2	1	1	13	10

Massillon	A	B	R	H	P	O	A	E
Runs	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
Hits	1	0	2	0	2	0	2	1

Home run—Latimer.  
Struck out—Keller, 1; Dolan, 4; Cummings, 4.  
Bases on ball—Off Keller, 1; Keeley, 2; Joyce, 2; Dolan, 1; Cummings, 2.  
Hit by pitched balls—Witt 2, Kohn, 1.  
Left on bases—Massillon, 10; Wheeling 6.  
Umpire—T. Jones.  
Attendance—700.

## SHEEP AND CIVILIZATION.

From Earliest History Sheep Have Supplied Man With Food and Raiment.

We have seen no truer nor more tersely statement of historical fact than that the following from the address of Mr. C. W. Nimmon before a sheep breeders convention in North Carolina:

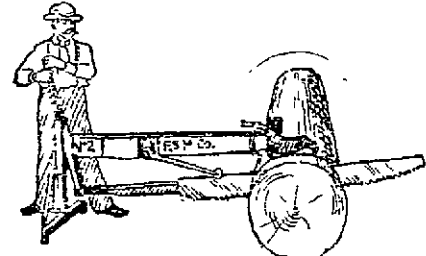
The sheep has been associated with man as a domestic animal from the earliest period of history, and, for many reasons, it is believed that they were the first animals subjugated by man. They were certainly more easily conquered, and supplied food and raiment with less knowledge and manipulation than any other animal with which man first came in contact.

No other agent has done so much for man in his struggles for civilization and progress, and none is so universally recognized, as an absolute necessity to maintain him. They have been from the earliest ages the most reliable indication of the intelligence, progress and wealth of nations. No better evidence of this can be produced than the agricultural and commercial histories of Spain, England and the Netherlands for the last three centuries. None know this so well as the English, and no people have so well profited by it as they have, and are doing now.

The sheep is always the advance guard to attack new and undeveloped territory. The first sheep and the first negro slaves that placed foot on what is now the United States of America were landed from the same fleet at St. Augustine Sept. 5, 1565, 330 years ago. From that day to this, the sheep has been the most universal live agent of the settlers in subduing the country and maintaining its productiveness, and whenever they have neglected their sterility exists as a monument to their folly.

## A Saw That Saws.

For the benefit of our readers who have wood to saw we illustrate the Folding Machine. It is a machine that makes wood sawing easy in comparison with the old way of sawing. This machine can be folded up and easily



carried to the woods on a man's shoulder. It saws down trees and saws the trees up into any lengths desired after it is cut down, and always cuts the log square in two. One man can saw more wood with it and do it a great deal easier than two men can in any other way.

## Eat More Cheese.

The low price of cheese at the present time ought to largely increase its use as food wisely remarks the American Cultivator. We do not make half the use of cheese that we ought. It is the most nutritious and healthful substitute that can be wished for meat, and it is so used largely in Europe. Cheese is rich in the kind of nutrition that gives strength. The only objection to it as food is that if eaten in large quantities it is hard to digest. But cheese is never eaten except with bread or cake, and the fact that it is hard to digest helps to strengthen the organs of digestion by giving them a difficult task. The cheese is also an admirable supplement to the bread, which is mainly starch, and the two kinds digest better together than either would if eaten without the other.

## Milk Rate Hearing.

The investigation by the Inter-State Commerce Commission at New York city, into charges of unfairness in fixing milk freight rates, brought by the Milk-Producers' Association against various railroads centuring in New York, has closed. The chief complaint was against charging the same rate for long as for short hauls. The roads think this is the only practical system. The present rates is 52c. per can. A petition was presented from 1,700 farmers of remote districts to continue the system. Attorney for the Lehigh & Hudson stated that saving bank deposits in Orange county had almost doubled in the past ten years, showing that farmers there were prosperous—not near bankruptcy, as represented.

## Cooked Potatoes for Poultry.

The cheapness of potatoes is leading many poultry men to use them extensively as feed for fowls. A few can perhaps be thus used with profit but potatoes, however cheap, should never constitute the main ration. The cooked potato is soft, and mainly composed of starch. It is, theoretically, a poor egg producer. We have fed potatoes, using only those left from the table; but even these lessened the egg product until we gave over feeding the potatoes to the hens and fed them to hogs instead. The hen requires whole grain to give its digestive organs enough to do, and however dear wheat may be, it is, all things considered, the cheapest food for fowls that are producing eggs.

## Killing Caterpillars.

A farmer in an Oregon paper says: "Every year I hear of the caterpillars destroying whole orchards, and there is nothing that can be disposed of more easily. I bore a hole in the tree deep enough to reach the sap, fill with sul-

phur and then plug it up. The result is magical. The sap takes the sulphur to every branch and twig and the caterpillars die at once. I gather the insects up by the pint under the trees that become infested with them before I noticed it and destroyed them. I have never known the remedy to fail and I never knew a tree to be injured by it, and I have pursued this course for years."

## Good Old Age.

Trees of a good old age are sometimes met with in Norrland, Sweden, despite the forest exhaustion there taking place. In the Granningsvalls Crown Park a fir tree has been recently felled, which was 550 years old. It had marks of five forest fires ranging from 40 to 150 years ago, and had evidently been of weak growth, hence its size was not so great as might have been expected. In height it was 22.2 metres, and at about five feet from the ground had a diameter of 750 m. m., the bark being responsible for 35 m. m.

## Selling Farm Produce.

Of all ways, the most hazardous and unsatisfactory method of disposing of goods by country buyers or farmers, particularly the farmers, is to send produce to a city commission-man to be sold. In this way the goods are put into the hands of those whose chief interests is in getting their commissions, and the chances are by many odds that the returns will be much less than the goods could be or have been sold for at home, for it is a peculiar condition that almost invariably the market price is down just as the day the goods are sold, and just as surely the shipper is informed that prices will be better next week. Market quotations are but a small guide to the price the shipper will get. It will be found more often at the lowest or near it than at intermediate or higher. Another thing, did any farmer ever send to a commission man any produce that proved of good quality that the report was not nearly always received that the goods were of poor quality or in bad condition? Something is always wrong; seldom are quality and condition right.

## A Model Small Farm.

A Virginia paper tells of a ten-acre farm near Norfolk which is all cleared and cultivated. The "head of the house" cares for the eight acres on which are grown hay, oats, corn, sweet and Irish potatoes, berries, etc. The live stock consists of two milk cows, the milk from which is sold at eight cents per quart; three horses, two sows and a flock of hens. The helpmeet attends to the two acres on which are grown parsley, carrots, onions, leeks, asparagus, celery and other vegetables. These are made up into little bunches, each containing one onion, one carrot, one leek, one sprig of parsley and one of thyme, all inclosed in a fresh cabbage leaf, and selling for three cents. She averages one hundred bunches per day, and the larger part of the cash income of the farm comes from the sales from these two acres. Talk about woman being the weaker vessel!—Rural New Yorker.

"Catty" is a weight still in use in the treaty ports of China. When the Chinese first sold tea to the Europeans they inclosed it in the little lacquer cases, which each weighing a "catty," and in due time were called tea cattles, and at last tea caddies.

The residents of Alva, Ok., recently petitioned the town council to change the name of the place to Capron, in honor of Captain Capron of the Rough Riders, who was killed at Santiago. The petition was granted by a unanimous vote.

The customer at the drug store, who knew little or nothing about playing cards, was appalled to hear the proprietor ordering over the phone: "Send up at once two gross of steam-bor's, three gross of Herve's, one gross of nigger heads and five gross of argets."

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**  
Cure Indigestion, Constipation, Sick Headache.  
10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

## THIS AND THAT.

Between Madagascar and the coast of India there are about 10,000 islands, only 600 of which are inhabited, but most of which are capable of supporting a population.

The European hornets is shown by L. O. Howard to have existed near New York city for at least 50 years, yet it has spread less than 150 miles. In Europe the species inhabits outhouses, but in America the nests are almost invariably built in hollow trees.

The Prince of Monaco continues his researches on the fauna of the Mediterranean and the Atlantic at great depths. Near the Azores he has discovered a volcanic bank fifty miles long, and a Portuguese captain has discovered a second bank close by. These banks are the resort of numberless fishes.

We understand that in connection with the government's request to be furnished by heads of departments with lists of ladies employed under them the delicate point has been raised by one chivalrous official as to whether female sweepers are to be classed as "ladies." The point is one that requires a bold answer from the government.—Madras (India) Mail.

## Widely Concerned.

"Does your wife take any interest in local politics?"

"Yes; she always goes down town with me election nights—to hear the returns, and get me home in good time."—Detroit Free Press.

## STRONG STATEMENTS.

Three Women Relieved of Female Troubles by Mrs. Pinkham.

From Mrs. A. W. SMITH, 59 Summer St., Biddeford, Me.:

"For several years I suffered with various diseases peculiar to my sex. Was troubled with a burning sensation across the small of my back, that all-gone feeling, was despondent, fretful and discouraged; the least exertion tired me. I tried several doctors but received little benefit. At last I decided to give your Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. The effect of the first bottle was magical. Those symptoms of weakness that I was afflicted with, vanished like vapor before the sun. I cannot speak too highly of your valuable remedy. It is truly a boon to woman."

From Mrs. MELISSA PHILLIPS, Lexington, Ind., to Mrs. Pinkham:

"Before I began taking your medicine I had suffered for two years with that tired feeling, headache, backache, no appetite, and a run-down condition of the system. I could not walk across the room. I have taken four bottles of the Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills and used one package of Sanative Wash, and now feel like a new woman and am able to do my work."

From Mrs. MOLLIE E. HERREL, Powell Station, Tenn.:

"For three years I suffered with such weakness of the back, I could not perform my household duties. I also had falling of the womb, terrible bearing-down pains and headache. I have taken two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and feel like a new woman. I recommend your medicine to every woman I know."

## Lots! Lots! Lots!

16 lots on Chester street,.....	\$250 to \$450
15 lots on Edwin street,.....	250 to 450
18 lots on Dwight street,....	250 to 450
7 lots on George street,.....	225 to 250
13 lots on Johnson street,....	200 to 275

\$10 accepted as first payment, balance \$5 to \$10 a month according to location.

**James R. Dunn,**  
STONE BLOCK.

**BINDER TWINE**  
OUR FAMOUS BLUE LABEL BRAND. It's the best in the world. Prices will surprise you. We deliver from Chicago, Omaha or St. Paul, as desired. Write for prices and samples.

## FIND OUT YOURSELF.

Why ask a physician to find out whether your kidneys are diseased? Take a glass tumbler and fill it with urine. If there is a sediment after standing twenty-four hours, your kidneys are sick. If you have a desire to urinate often, a pain in the back, or if your urine stains linen, you should at once take Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, as delay is dangerous. There is no question about its being the best and surest medicine in the world for any and all diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and of the urinary passages, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia or constipation of the bowels. It quickly relieves inability to hold urine and the necessity of getting up often during the night. It stops that scalding pain when passing urine and corrects the bad effects of whisky and beer.

It is sold by all druggists at one dollar a bottle. You can have a trial bottle and pamphlet of valuable medical advice sent free by mail postpaid by mentioning THE INDEPENDENT and sending your address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y. The publishers of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this liberal offer.

**Dear Papa.** Please come back home. Mama is not cross any more, and cries because you ain't here. She don't know I am telling you, but please come right back. Your Little Billy. There is nothing more conducive to good fellowship between husband and wife, than good health, even temper and a box or two of Bar-Ben. By strengthening the body, brain and nerves, it imparts a feeling of health, vigor and contentment to both man and woman, squelches those little family ailments, and is a positive guarantee against divorce. Bar-Ben is the easy way to take medicine. Small sugar-coated tablets; 60 doses, 50 cents; 6 boxes, \$2.50. For sale by druggists everywhere, or mailed on receipt of price. Dr. Barton and Benson 55 Bar-Ben Cleveland, O.

Z. T. Baltzy, 15-17 Opera Block; J. M. Schuckers, 37 East Main Street, corner Mill; Chas. W. Cupples, 153 West Tremont street; Rider, & Snyder Massillon.

## See Those Crash Caps

## LATEST NOVELTIES.

For men, plain and fancy.....25 and 50c  
For boys, fancy and ventilated.....25c  
See the only new thing in Bike Caps, blue and tan cloth, 50c.  
Nobby crash sailors, latest out.....50c

## Elegant line of Straws.

The best in colored shirts.  
Fine Balbriggan Underwear, Drawers with double seat, 50c.  
Leather belts, summer suspenders, Golf Hose,  
Linen Collars.....10 and 15c  
Boys' Fast Black Hose.....12c  
Boys' shirt and blouse waists.....25c  
Remember we show greatest variety at lowest prices.

**GEO. W. DOLL,**  
Cash Hatter,  
4 E. Main St at the Bridge.

**C&B LINE**  
CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO  
"While you Sleep."

UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE. NEW STEAMERS  
"CITY OF BUFFALO"  
AND  
"CITY OF ERIE."

both together being without doubt, in all respects, the finest and fastest that are in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD,  
DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY.  
Leave Cleveland 8 P.M. Arrive Buffalo 6 A.M.  
"Buffalo 8" "Cleveland 6"

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.  
Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points. Ask ticket agent for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet. SPECIAL LOW RATES TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT.

W. F. NERMAN,  
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT,  
CLEVELAND, O.

THE INDEPENDENT CO. will print you anything you need in the line of job work.

## Lace Curtain Department

Another invoice of 200 pairs just received. See samples of them in one of our large show windows, as well as the display in the Lace Curtain Room of the BEE HIVE. The special prices on this last lot are respectively \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per pair.

Tapestry Curtains, double fringed at \$1.98, \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00 pair

A Great Job in Hemmed Huck Towels,

Secured from a New York Importer, only 50 doz. in the lot, they are 18x36 inches in size, pure linen and will be sold at 15c each.

ASK FOR THEM.  
Another invoice of those beautiful Honey Comb Bed Quilts of which we have sold such great quantities, worth \$1.25, now 98c.

LADIES' GAUZE VESTS.

100 doz. unsurpassed in quality for the price, 5c each.  
50 doz. very choice quality, only 8c each.  
50 doz. superb quality will go at 10c each.

Other grades equally cheap. Stock unusually full and complete.

**ALLMAN & PUTMAN.**

## Something New!

**5¢**



Large package of the World's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4 pound package. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia







# A GREAT REUNION.

(Continued from first page.)

"To me, personally, whose associations with South Carolina through the civil war and the still more gallant period of reconstruction and rehabilitation gave a clearer insight into their motives and future aims, it is a proud privilege vouchsafed to me today to stand in your presence as the representative of these battle-bruised veterans and tell these people how fully we recognize their worth and how gratefully we acknowledge them

"I should esteem it a still higher honor to stand here today as the herald of both the host and guests in proclaiming a message of good will to all our countrymen and to send the fraternal greeting of this people, of all Confederates, and of their children to all patriots of all sections, to unite with our American brethren of every state in ascribing to the guiding hand of God the unparalleled victories of American arms in the late war on land and sea; and lastly, by the memory of the fathers, whose spirits live in their sons, to pledge the south's unfailing support to every worthy cause for strengthening the bonds of American union and thus accelerating the onward march of the republic in its benign mission to humanity."

## WORKING AS USUAL.

Mr. Russell Says That the Fire Will Cause No Delay.

J. W. McClymonds, president of Russell & Company, is now in Paris. He has been cabled a brief statement of the affair. Superintendent Heggem was on his way to Washington when the fire occurred. He was telegraphed for and is expected back today.

"The financial loss," said C. M. Russell, "is the least part of the catastrophe. That does not worry us. I am thinking most of that poor fellow who lost his life defending our property, and his grief-stricken family. The buildings near the warehouse were but slightly damaged, so we will be able to work as large a force and as steadily as before."

"I have no notion of how the fire started. I imagine that the blaze first started in the second floor, because, when discovered, both the second and third floors were burning. The fire could not have traveled downward, so I think the origin was in the second floor near the elevator shaft, and that it traveled upward."

The generally accepted theory with reference to the origin of the fire is that of spontaneous combustion.

So much depends upon the purity of the blood that by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla many different diseases are cured.

## FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

### DALTON NEWS

DALTON, May 10.—Mrs. Lizzie Souers, of Orrville, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Kohberg, this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Pope and daughter Gertrude, spent Tuesday in Canton.

A number of our people viewed the ruins of Russell & Company's warehouse fire on Tuesday. Willis Sellars, Willis Horn, Judson Harry, Joe Gochanauer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Koster, John Chaffin and James Gibson were among the visitors.

Mrs. Goudy, who has been visiting her son, B. B. Baughman in Toledo, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Hattie Norous, of Indiana, is visiting her mother, Mrs. S. P. Snyder.

Miss Amelia Fisher, of Wooster, is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. B. Feasel.

H. B. Jameson is expecting to lay a fine flagstone walk in front of his house.

Loren Owens has gone to Alliance, where he expects to work in the Morgan works.

Mrs. Emma Gardiner is attending the convention held at Newcastle, Pa. this week. She expects to visit her sister, Mrs. Lou Robertson, of New Wilmington, Pa., where her daughter, Grace Gardiner is now a guest.

The quarterly meeting, which was held at Greenville last Sunday, was attended by C. S. Keiser, N. E. Scott, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Galloway and others, of this place.

The Rev. and Mrs. Hubbell and son visited with Wooster friends this week.

In some unknown manner the roof of the house occupied by Mrs. Deal on the West side of Canal Fulton caught fire on Tuesday morning, the flames doing about \$75 worth of damage. A bucket brigade was organized when the fire was first discovered and by the time the fire department arrived, its services were unnecessary.

### Climate and Crops.

According to the general summary of the United States department of agriculture the weather for Ohio for the week just passed has been cooler and cloudy, with heavy local showers on Tuesday, Thursday night and Friday,

and general rain on Saturday night and Sunday, heaviest in southern sections. Some damage was done by lightning and by heavy rain and high water on the 2nd and 4th. The lack of rain was being felt by wheat, oats, pastures and grass fields in many central counties, but the general report is that there has been an improvement in the condition of wheat.

The dry weather has delayed plowing for corn, and there is considerable to be done yet, but much ground is ready, and planting is general. The earliest planted is coming up quickly and evenly. Potatoes are growing well, and cultivation has been begun on the earliest. Tobacco plants are showing a good growth. Gardens are promising.

The prospects for apples seems better in southern than in northern counties, as several correspondents in the north report the apple blossoms rather light. The general outlook for cherries is good. Strawberries are very promising. Currants and gooseberries are showing a favorable bloom. Quince trees are blossoming to some extent in many central counties, while the correspondents in Jefferson county report a heavy bloom. Grape vines are reported to be in good condition in lake counties, but were winter killed in the south.

In the spring the birds are singing. As they build their summer home. Blades of grass and buds are springing. Over the mead the cattle roam. In the spring your blood is freighted With the germs that cause disease. Humors, both, are designated signals warning you of these. In the spring that tired feeling Makes you every duty shrink— Makes you feel like being stealing. Rather than engage in work. But there's something known that will a Man to health and vigor lead. You will find Hood's Sarsaparilla Just exactly what you need.

Excursions to Grand Rapids via Pennsylvania Lines.

May 24 and 25 excursion tickets will be sold to Grand Rapids, Mich., via Pennsylvania Lines, on account of Young Men's Christian Association of North America, International Convention: return limit May 29. Local ticket agent will be glad to answer inquiries.

Two millions Americans suffer the pangs of dyspepsia. No need to Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

## The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	72
Hay, per ton	5 00 to 7 50
Straw, per ton	5 00
Corn	37-38
Oats	27-28
Clover Seed	3 00
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 15
Rye, per bu.	40
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 25
Wool	15 to 18

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel	45
Onions, per bushel	65
Beets, per bushel	60
Apples	1 00
Cabbage, per dozen	50
Dried peaches, peeled	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled	04 to 05
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
Onions	65
White beans	1 25

## BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter	14-16
Eggs	8
Chickens, live	07
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	14

## MEATS AND CHEESE.

Sausage	00
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	06
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	11

The following are retail prices:

Bran, per 100 lbs.	85
Middlings per 100 lbs.	90

MASSILLON WEEKLY INDEPENDENT twice a week, \$1 a year. You get markets by telegraph and the news.



HE HAS  
**SORE THROAT**  
And is Gargling With  
**TONSILINE**

That's one way of using it. Take it, gargle it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails. 25 and 50 cents. All druggists. THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

## Excursions to Louisville, Ky., via Pennsylvania Lines.

May 15th and 16th account Travelers' Protective Association of America annual convention. Excursion tickets will be sold to Louisville, Ky., via Pennsylvania Lines, good to return until May 20th.

### You Try It.

If Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure, which is sold for the small price of 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00, does not cure take the bottle back and we will refund your money. Sold for over fifty years on this guarantee. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. For sale by Rider & Snyder.

It makes no difference how bad the wound if you use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; it will quickly heal and leave no scar. Rider & Snyder.

## DRAIN TILE

We have leased our works and in order to dispose of our entire stock of 8,000 tiles until June 5th, will offer them at the following low prices:

2½ inch	70c per 100
3 inch	90c
4 inch	\$1.50
5 inch	2.50
6 inch	3.50

This stock is first-class, well burned tile and must be sold to make room for the season's run.

## Cope Bros. E. Greenville

We can sell you

## A SINGLE or DOUBLE BUGGY

Cheaper than any place in the county.

Call and Examine our Stock.

It is the largest in the city.

Quality Guaranteed. Prices to Suit you.

## Schrader & Halter, 4 N. Erie,

## Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, ss. STARK COUNTY. John E. Doddridge, vs. Wm. P. Clay, et al. Order of Sale. By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on Saturday, June 3, 1899, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot number thirty-five (35) in the town now a part of the City of Massillon, Stark County Ohio. Lot situated on corner West Main and Muskingum streets, houses Nos. 8 and 28 in said city. Appraised at fifty-five hundred (\$5,500) dollars. Terms cash. Sale to commence at 10:00 o'clock a. m. JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff. Baldwin & Young, Attorneys.

## Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received up to 12 o'clock, noon, May 20th, 1899, for furnishing the material and performing the labor required in the erection and completion of a two-story four roomed brick school building in the town of West Brookfield, O., in accordance with plans, drawings and specifications on file with the school board at West Brookfield, O.

Blank proposals will be furnished by the school board, none others will be accepted. By Order of the Board. Massillon, April 8, 1899.

## Legal Notice.

Ida Snyder, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 5th day of May, 1899, Benjamin F. Snyder filed his petition in the Court of Common Pleas, Stark County, Ohio, being cause No. 13591, praying for a divorce from said Ida Snyder on the ground of willful absence for more than three years last past, and said cause will be for hearing on and after July 8th, 1899.

DAN W. SHETLER, Attorney for plaintiff.



Over Schrader's Blacksmith Shop.

## To Fruit Growers

It is necessary to have your orchard thrifty, if you desire making the most money from your fruit industry. To do this, spraying is positively necessary.

## The Best Spray Pumps,

and spraying preparations for this work can be bought cheap at

## RIDER & SNYDER,

12 East Main Street.

Druggists.

# Grand SPECIAL May Sale

of Spring Millinery, Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, Tailor-Made Suits, Jackets, Separate Skirts, Silk and Washable Waists, Wrappers, Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Underwear, etc.

## A BONA FIDE REDUCTION IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

during this special sale, which means a saving to you. Do not only Read Our Quotations, but come and compare our prices and inspect the values we offer.

## HATS!

100 Leghorn Hats, with Chiffon and Flower Trimming, for children, 49c and 98c.

100 Up-to-date Leghorn Hats, Trimmed with Lace and Flowers, \$1.25 to \$3.00.

350 Stylish Trimmed Hats, for Ladies, at 98c

200 Stylish Trimmed Hats with Chiffon, Flowers and Fancy Braid, Steel Ornaments, at \$1.49, \$1.98, up to \$10.

## FLOWERS!

Thousands of Bunches of Choice and stylish Flowers at 9c, 12c 19c, 25c up to \$2.00 a Bunch.

## Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, Jackets and Dress Skirts!

We speak of Suits first. They are Tailor made, embracing Serges, Venetian and Coverts of the finest sorts. Jackets all silk lined, style and finish simply superb, being regularly valued at \$15 and \$20

Our Price for this Sale, \$8 98.

\$4.95 Choice of 15 Ladies' Tailored Suits sold from \$6.50 to \$10; skirts made with flared bottom, jackets all lined.

Jackets Choice of any of our \$5 to \$6 Jackets all of them silk lined throughout. \$4 19

Another Lot of all lined Jackets at \$3 49.

## Dress Skirts-25 Fine Dress Skirts-98c

50 Fancy Mohair Dress Skirts, Velvet bound, \$1.49  
73 Tailor-made Skirts, Flare Bottom, Brush Binding, made to sell for \$5 00 and \$6 00, unequaled anywhere, for \$2.95.

## Corsets and Corset Waists

This Department is Matchless.

35 doz of the celebrated "Manila" and Stand By" Corsets, sell regularly at 50c, Special, 39c.

Our regular "Iceyle" Corset, special 49c

Our Misses' "Darling Waist," special 23c

## Muslin Underwear

We handle the celebrated "W" Brand Muslin Underwear, superior in make and quality to any sweat shop goods offered by others

Plain Cambric Corset Covers	11c
Embroidery Trimmed Corset Covers	12c
Lace Trimmed Corset Covers	16c
Plain 4 Tuck, 5 inch ruffle, Drawers, sold at 35c, special	25c
75 Gowns, Embroidery Trimmed, special	50c
\$1 00 Gowns, Lace or Embroidery trimmed, special	69c
\$1 25 Gowns, Lace or Embroidery Trimmed, special	88c
69c Ladies' Chemise, Embroidery or Lace Trimmed, special	48c
25c Muslin Drawers, 4 Tucks	17c

## Wrappers--25 doz. Assorted Wrappers, sold at \$1 25, go at 99c

Ladies' \$2 00 Wrappers, deep flounce skirt, separate basque, special, \$1.43.

## Silk and Wash Waists.

\$3 98 Elegant Taffeta and Satin Waists, tucked and stitched fronts, some with white fronts

See our line of Silk Waists that will be sold at \$5 for this sale

98c White or Striped Lawn Waists, sold at \$1.25 and \$1 39, Trimmed with Embroidery inserting.

Unsurpassed line of Wash Waists at \$1.19, \$1 50, \$1 75, up to \$3.

## UMBRELLAS.

100 26-inch English Gloria Fast Black Umbrellas, special, 47c.

87 Steel Rod, Gloria Silk, Congo and Waxell handles, special, 98c.

\$1.69 for the choice of \$2 00 to \$2 50 Union Twill Silk Umbrellas, Nobby Handles.

## INFANTS' CAPS.

Make baby happy with one of our stylish Wash Caps or Silk Muller Hats.

20 doz. stylish Caps at 11c

17 doz. Emb. and Ruching Trimmed Caps, regular 25c quality, special 17c

50 doz. assorted of the celebrated Washee Washee Caps, at 29, 39, 47, 75c up to \$2

## TOWELS AND TOWELING.

All Linen Toweling, special, per yard 84c

Heavy Huck Toweling, good width, per yard 11c

## LAWNS AND PIQUES.

15c Fine Wide White Lawns, special, per yard 11c

20c Fine Fancy Hemstitch Effect Lawn, per yard 16c

35c White Marseilles, Plain or with Polka Dot, special, per yard 23c

40c White Marseilles, special, per yard 29c

## MISCELLANEOUS.

2000 yards Torchon Lace, 3 and 4 inches wide, special for this sale 5c

An Elegant Sun Bonnet in plain pink, blue, red or gingham, for 25c

## LACE CURTAINS.

We have put our entire stock of Lace Curtains into one large lot, making over one thousand pairs in all, and averaged the price. None were less than \$2.00, and from that up to \$3 75, for.....

\$1.49

11 East Main St.,

MASSILLON

135-7-9 S. Market

CANTON.